(PRE-FINAL) CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN AIR FORCE STATION INSTALLATION FACILITIES STANDARDS (IFS)











Installation Elements

Site Development

Facilities Exteriors

Facilities Interiors

2018

Cheyenne Mountain Air Force Station IFS

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A. OVERVIEW

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Overview: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/index.html

This Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document is part of the Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) program to assist bases in implementing and maintaining facilities standards as appropriate for efficient operations within the respective climate region. IFS fully replaces, consolidates and simplifies existing facilities standards documents, such as the Architectural Compatibility Plan (ACP) or ACGs, FEPs, etc., and organizes information using the same structure, or Table of Contents, as the AFCFS website.

IFS reflects the AFCFS' concepts of "Facility Hierarchy" (categorizing facilities into group numbers) and "Facility Quality" (assigning an appropriate level of quality to each group number) and applies these principles at the base level. Applicable DoD and Air Force criteria such as UFCs, AFIs, Memoranda, and UFGSs (Guide Specs) are referenced and linked within IFS to ensure the document is always current.

Navigating within this IFS is efficient and straightforward. Please use the interactive Table of Contents to locate subject matter, and click on the title of a section to access it. From any page, click on the "Back to Table of Contents" footer to return. Content is organized into 4 major sections: Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors.

This IFS document begins as a fill-in PDF form, which is fully editable, and becomes a "living document" that can be regularly updated by base-level personnel following a format that is consistent across the Air Force. While the format is standardized, IFS content is customized for base operations and the local climate to ensure mission success while emphasizing reduced maintenance and reduced initial costs, life-cycle costs, energy use, and water use.

- 1. Conformance to Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards (AFCFS) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) are required by Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-1023 and Air Force Memorandum. Please refer to the AFCFS website for links to documentation on current policy.
- 2. The IFS is a component plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP) per Air Force Instruction (AFI) 32-7062 (replacing the Architectural Compatibility Plan). All military construction projects and Non-Appropriated Funds (NAF) facilities are required to comply with the IDP and its IFS component plan by AFI 32-1023. The Base Civil Engineer (BCE) maintains and implements the IDP and its component plans, to include the IFS.
- 3. Please refer to the AFCFS website as a portal to reference materials and requirements documents for design and construction projects (via links). Specific references to current DoD memoranda and Air Force criteria are updated periodically to provide the most current guidance and requirements. Programming, design and contract documents should list "current edition" for all reference and requirements documents. The documents in force at the date of execution of the design and/or construction contract shall be the governing version.
- 4. Advanced Modeling Requirements:
 For all Air Force projects requiring advanced modeling, to include 3D visualization, Building Information Modeling (BIM), facility data, quantity take-off, geospatial, etc., follow the Army standards. Refer to USACE Minimum Model Matrix (M3) and Project Execution Plan (PxP) which outline required model uses. Refer to CAD BIM Technology Center (Contract Requirements) for more information on M3 and PxP.
- 5. Joint Bases shall implement IFS under their Joint-Base designation with volume numbers for individual installations following the IFS Development Tool template. For example, for Joint Base Langley-Eustis, provide: Vol. 1 Langley AFB and Vol. 2 Fort Eustis.

A.01. FACILITY HIERARCHY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Hierarchy (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-hierarchy/index.html

A.02. FACILITY QUALITY

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Quality (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-quality/index.html

A.03. FACILITY DISTRICTS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facility Districts (and subsections): http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facility-districts/index.html

Image Tool 800 x 800 Legend Installation Boundary **Planning Districts** Administrative Support District Industrial District Operations District Outdoor Recreation District

Note: Apply the <u>base-wide standards</u> in this IFS for Installation Elements, Site Development, Facilities Exteriors and Facilities Interiors (products, materials, color, etc.). Following application of the base-wide standards, refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District.

B. INSTALLATION ELEMENTS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

B.01. COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING

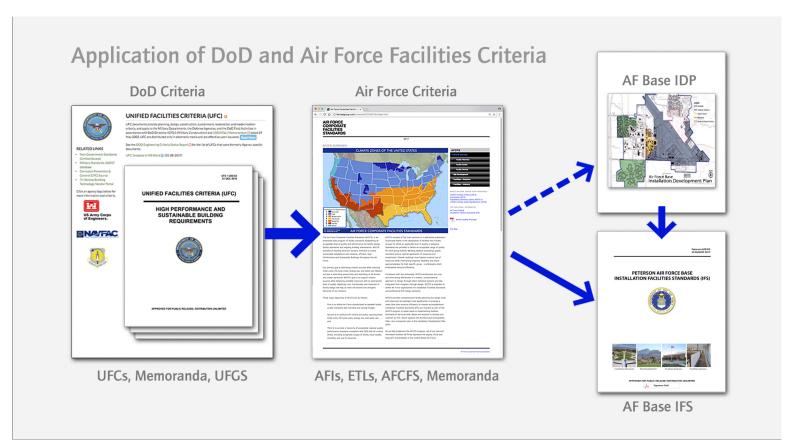
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Comprehensive Planning: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/comprehensive-planning/index.html

B01.1. Installation Development Plan (IDP)

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

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○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Department of Defense, Department of the Air Force and Air Force Base Criteria

1. The Base Civil Engineer is responsible for developing, maintaining and implementing the installation's Comprehensive Planning documents and to ensure that the Installation Development Plan (IDP) is prepared, maintained, and implemented following AFI 32-7062.

B01.1.1. IFS Component Plan of IDP

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Maintain this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) as a Component Plan of the Installation Development Plan (IDP)

B01.1.2. Brief History of Base

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

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Cheyenne Mountain Complex Construction

Original North Portal Entrance

Current North Portal Entrance

In January of 1956, General Earle E. Partridge, NORAD's first Commander-In-Chief, led preliminary planning for an underground command center. Soon after, in October 1958, the Corps of Engineers began studies for the potential location at seven different sites. Of the sites, two of the recommended locations were Bloggetts Peak near USAFA and Cheyenne Mountain, south of Colorado Springs. The Joint Chiefs of Staff approved the final siting location, Cheyenne Mountain, in March 1959.

In May 1961, construction began on the mountain with the first blast by Utah Mining & Engineering Co. Approximately fifteen months later, all excavation work for the new command center was completed. The excavated granite and material was used to fill the canyon, that is now the Building 100 Area parking lot. Inside the mountain there are three chambers 45 feet wide, 60.5 feet high, and 588 feet long, intersected by four chambers 32 feet wide, 56 feet high, and 335 feet long. With a total construction cost of approximately \$142 million in the 1960s, builders constructed a total of fifteen freestanding buildings and necessary adits within the mountain. Flexible vestibule connections join the facilities. Twelve of these buildings are three stories tall, while others are one and two stories. Shortly after completion, the engineering team discovered a geological fault over Building 2000, which required approximately eight months in repairs.

In 1967, NORAD discontinued operations at its aboveground center in Colorado Springs and started operations within the CMC. NORAD's personnel requirements and mission quickly grew from the time it started operations through the 1970s. NORAD remains a bi-national United States and Canadian organization charged with the mission of aerospace warning and aerospace control for North America.

During this time, the United States strategic policy accepted the concept of vulnerability to intercontinental ballistic missile attacks, both from land and sea-based launch sites. In response to the possibility of these attacks, a 1981 NORAD agreement changed the command's name from the North American Air Defense Command to the North American Aerospace Defense Command.

Operation Desert Storm in the early 1990's created the need to provide Theater Ballistic Missile Warning (TBMW) for deployed United States (U.S.) military forces. The use of Defense Support Program Satellites with the capability to detect heat from missile and booster plumes, provided warning to civilian populations and coalition forces in the Middle East during wartime.

On 9/11, the terrorist attacks against the United States marked the beginning of Operation Noble Eagle. Operation Noble Eagle is a homeland defense mission incorporating NORAD's mission of Aerospace Warning and Control. This included the monitoring of the interior airspace not only within the United States, but also Canada. Aerospace Warning includes the monitoring of manmade objects in space, and the detection, validation and warning of attack against North America whether by aircraft, missiles, or space vehicles, utilizing mutual support agreements with other military commands. Aerospace control includes day-to-day surveillance and control of North American airspace and, in times of crisis or war, the air defense of North America.

In addition to Aerospace Warning, CMAFS gained USNORTHCOM and USSTRATCOM missions when both commands stood up in October 2002. USNORTHCOM provides command and control of homeland defense efforts and coordinates defense support to civil authorities. USNORTHCOM defends America's homeland -- protecting our people, national power, and freedom of action.

USSTRATCOM employs tailored nuclear, space, cyberspace, global strike, joint electronic warfare, missile defense, and intelligence capabilities to deter aggression, decisively respond if deterrence fails, assure allies, shape adversary behavior, defeat terror, and define the force of the future.

The most recent milestone in the evolution of Cheyenne Mountain took place 13 May 2008 in the celebration of NORAD's 50th anniversary; a representation of half a century of bi-national cooperation between Canada and the United States.

B01.1.3. Future Development

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Follow AFI 32-7062 for Air Force Comprehensive Planning, the Comprehensive Planning Process, Comprehensive Planning Requirements, and Geo-spatial Mapping.
- 2. Address all future development under the Installation Development Plan (IDP).

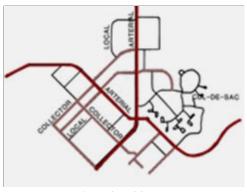
B02. STREET ENVELOPE STANDARDS

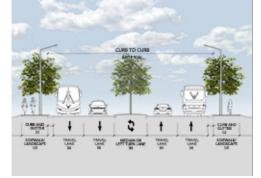
Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Street Envelope Standards: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/installation-elements/street-envelope-standards/index.html

B02.1. Hierarchy of Streets

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Hierarchy of Streets

Street Envelope Section

NORAD Road

- 1. Develop and evolve a hierarchical transportation network of arterial, collector and local streets following UFC 3-201-01 and its industry references.
- 2. Provide consistent functionality throughout the installation and a level of visual quality relating to the adjacent Facility Group number.
- 3. Reduce maintenance requirements by installing highly durable materials and finishes.
- 4. Minimize stops and turns along arterials and collectors. Eliminate on-street parking along arterials and collector streets.

- 5. Provide appropriate landscape setbacks and pedestrian buffers along all streets.
- 6. Minimize and consolidate curb cuts along streets.
- 7. Provide two basic types of lanes (travel and auxiliary) throughout the street system to accommodate continuous "through" traffic and to satisfy requirements for turning, parking, and emergency and service vehicles. Turning lanes may be used as either left-turn or right-turn lanes at intersections.
- 8. Use consistent landscape treatment at all base entrances. Plant material massing, spacing, and height are characteristics that should visually reinforce the type of street.

B02.1.1. Arterial Streets

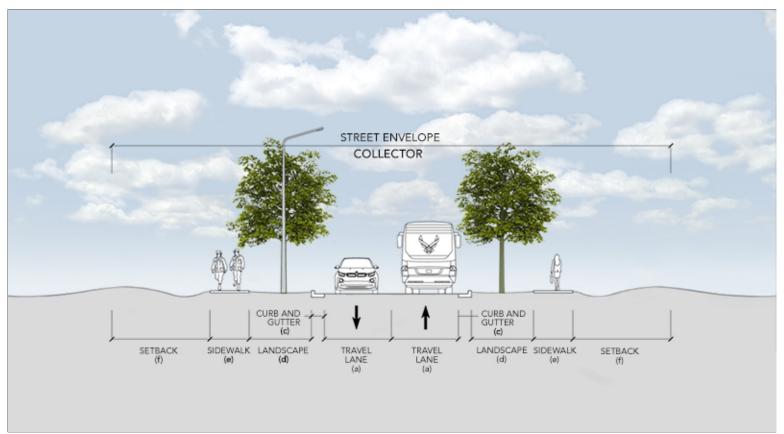
- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. NORAD Road is the only arterial street on Cheyenne Mountain AFS and due to mission and traffic loading it follows the two-lane configuration for a Collector versus an arterial street. Refer to the Collector street illustration for general dimensions that pertain to collector streets.

B02.1.2. Collector Streets

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2



Travel Lane (a): 12' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 2' Landscape (d): 10' Sidewalk (e): 6' Setback (f): Min. 35' or per ATFP





Collector Street

Typical Collector Streetscape

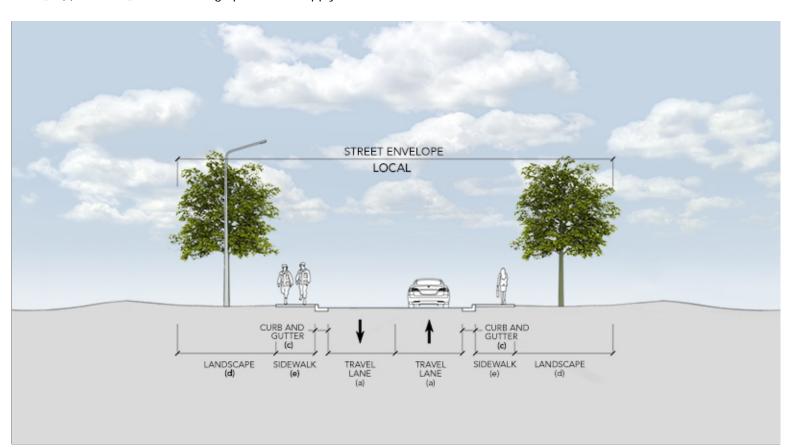
1. Match the level of quality of street elements to the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.1.3. Local Streets

Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (large: 800 px x 440 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 800 x 440

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply



Travel Lane (a): 11' Median (b): N/A Curb and Gutter (c): 1.5' Landscape (d): 15' Sidewalk (e): 6'

- 1. Design and maintain local streets in due proportion to the amount of traffic.
- 2. Generally encourage the development of street frontage of adjacent sites to positively contribute features such as landscaping.
- 3. Maintain consistent local street scapes for visual and functional continuity.

B02.1.4. Special Ro	putes
○ Applicable	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable ● N/A	Small graphics do not apply
Not Applicable	
B02.2. Hierarchy of	Intersections
○ Applicable N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable N/A	Small graphics do not apply
1. Provide a hierarchy 3-201-01 and its indus	of intersections to include arterial, arterial-collector, collector, collector-local and local following UFC try references.
	h as traffic circles are preferred to active systems such as signalized intersections. Aggressively pursue ver maintenance requirements and reduce energy use.
3. Use the same level of	of visual quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.
B02.2.1. Arterials	
Applicable • N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable ● N/A	Small graphics do not apply
Not Applicable	
B02.2.2. Arterial/C	ollector
○ Applicable ● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable ● N/A	Small graphics do not apply
Not Applicable	

B02.2.3. Collectors

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188





Collector Intersection

Collector Intsersection Elements

1. Use a level of visual quality for an intersection equal to the quality found in the related streetscape, which corresponds to the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.2.4. Special Intersections

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

Not Applicable

B02.2.5. Street Frontage Requirements

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Consistently maintain open space buffers following B03.2.3. Preserves.

B02.2.6. Sight Lines

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide adequate sight lines for an effective and safe traffic operation per American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards and local municipality guidelines.

B02.3. Street Elements

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Typical Guard Rail

- 1. Emulate the streetscape area's pre-development hydrology using passive and active design features to help sustain the adjacent regionally appropriate landscape. Coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Employ systems, materials and techniques to maximize streetscape sustainability. Consider pervious paving and reflectivity of surfaces appropriate for the local climate.
- 3. Install at-grade curbing and/or raised-profile curb and gutter as applicable to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for vegetation. Do not paint concrete curbing.
- 4. Provide all on-site utility service lines and equipment below grade when adjacent to Facility Group 1. In routes along Group 2, 3 and 4, when mounting elements such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 5. Provide traffic control devices including access control point/entry control facility signs, speed limit signs and street name signs following the current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) per UFC 3-120-01.
- 6. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for directional and wayfinding signs and address both vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- 7. Reduce energy consumption and reduce maintenance requirements by providing street lighting only when functionally required to ensure safety and to address antiterrorism following UFC 4-010-01. Ensure the quality and quantities of lighting and fixtures are appropriate for the adjacent Facility Group number.

B02.3.1. Paving

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

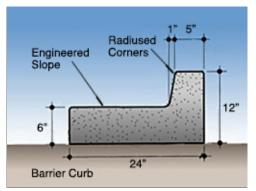
○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

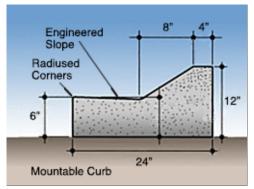
- 1. Pavement design shall comply with UFC 3-250-01, Pavement Design for Roads and Parking Areas. Ensure appropriate analysis and design of subgrade conditions to support low maintenance high performance pavements.
- 2. Materials for pavements shall be specified in accordance with UFC 3-250-01 and shall conform to requirements defined in the Unified Facility Guide Specifications for concrete and asphaltic concrete.

B02.3.2. Curb and Gutter

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2

Image Tool 250 x 188





Group 1, 2 and 3 Section

Alternative Section

- 1. Continuous concrete curbs and gutters shall be provided at street edges areas of the installation to:
- %Help control drainage.
- Deter vehicles from leaving the pavement.
- %Protect pedestrians.
- Delineate the pavement edge.
- Present a more finished general appearance.
- Assist in orderly and disciplined development of the street system.
- 2. Provide dimensions following the illustrations for Standard Mountable Curb, Standard Barrier Curb and Standard Header Curb.

B02.3.3. Utility Service Elements

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Provide all utility service lines below grade when streets are adjacent to Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently Dark Bronze to match FSC 30040 (low-luster finish) and provide visual screening following Site Development, Landscaping.
- 2. Overhead service lines along streets adjacent to Facility Groups 2, 3 and 4 are discouraged.

B02.3.4. Traffic Signs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Refer to Exterior Signs, Colors and Types for Traffic Control Devices, which includes signs.

B02.3.5. Street Lighting

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Typical Street Lighting

1. Refer to the Lighting section for appropriate applications along streets.

B02.3.6. Other

Applicable • N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

Not Applicable

B03. OPEN SPACE / PUBLIC SPACE

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Installation Elements: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/installation-elements/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Open Space / Public Space: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/installation-elements/open-space-public-space/index.html

B03.1. Plazas, Monuments and Static Displays

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Natural features and culturally or historically significant features or events may be recognized and acknowledged with physical elements such as plazas, monuments and static displays. However, limit these elements on the base to ensure judicious use of resources and to reduce ongoing maintenance requirements.
- 2. Design highly durable plazas, monuments and static displays with a level of quality comparable to Facility Group 1.
- 3. Link plazas, monuments and static displays to the pedestrian circulation system. Install landscaping, site furnishings and lighting appropriate for the application and local climate following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 4. Select systems, products and materials for paving, walls, and structures following IFS.

B03.1.1. Paved Plazas

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Typical Paved Plaza

1. Pavers shall match the color of pavers used on adjacent sidewalks using base standard range of beiges, tans, browns, or terra cotta. Bricks used on plazas shall typically be 4" x 8" size.

B03.1.2. Sculptures, Markers and Statuary

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



Memorial Marker

- 1. Relate new sculpture, markers and statuary to an missle defense design theme. Generally limit these elements to frequently used locations adjacent to Facility Group 1 and highly traveled community pedestrian spaces.
- 2. Consider entry gates as possible sites for new displays.
- 3. All proposed memorials shall follow AFI 36-3108 and be limited to highly deserving individuals or groups as deemed appropriate by the installation leadership. Living memorials (tree plantings / etc) are discouraged due to added maintenance requirements.
- 4. When sculpture requires a base, match the materials and / or color palette of adjacent buildings.
- 5. Use direct or indirect lighting to accentuate features or enhance an intended effect.

6. Ensure that all sculpture, markers and statuary are honorable and inspiring, provide a sense of place, positively contribute to the base's visual quality, and encourage pride for the community and the US Air Force.

B03.1.3. Static Display of Aircraft

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

Not Applicable

B03.2. Grounds and Perimeters

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



Recreation Area

- 1. Provide and maintain recreational areas and parks following the base's Installation Development Plan (IDP) and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS). Refer to the Site Furnishings topic for additional information.
- 2. Maintain preservation areas following the IDP and IFS.
- 3. Comply with UFC 4-010-01 DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings and UFC 4-022-03 Security Fences and Gates for all elements associated with the base's gates and perimeter fence.
- 4. Identify and describe base-wide utility corridors in the IDP.
- 5. Follow the requirements of this IFS regarding all utility structures and service lines located above grade that visually impact the installation.
- 6. Where screening of utility equipment and structures is provided, allow adequate and proper clearance for safety and maintenance.
- 7. Reduce visual clutter and visual impact of the following items through a combination of careful placement, screen walls, landscaping and painting:
- Ælectrical switch-stations.
- Sewage lift stations.
- %Water well pumps, storage tanks and/or related structures.
- % Gas piping, meters and similar incidental items.
- % Above ground fuel storage tanks.
- Any ground-mounted freestanding utility item exposed to view.

- 8. Larger structures such as electrical switch-stations, sewage lift stations, fuel storage tanks and mechanical/electrical equipment shall be screened from view, using materials, forms, and colors in the screen walls which match those respective design elements present at adjacent buildings.
- 9. Paint above-ground equipment and associated components such as electrical piping or exposed plumbing lines Dark Bronze to match FSC 30040 in a matte (low-luster) finish. Use standard Federal Standard Color (FSC) 10091 in open space, parks and preserves.
- 10. Maintain currently buried utility service lines as a visual asset.
- 11. Bury the following exposed above-grade items in future projects when economically feasible:
- Ælectrical power grid and service lines.
- Telephone lines.
- %Cable TV lines.
- %Communications lines.
- Æxterior lighting service lines.
- Any similar system of above-ground lines serving Peterson AFB.
- 12. Consolidate and enclose service utility lines in underground utility corridors when feasible. Create routes along the inside edge of parking lot islands.

B03.2.1. Parade Grounds

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

Not Applicable

B03.2.2. Parks

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 5













Playground Equipment

Picnic Shade Shelter

- 1. Bleachers may be installed only when there is a documented requirement at parks and fields for recreational events. Follow guidance under Parade Grounds.
- 2. Picnic pavilions may be provided in parks where there is a documented need.

B03.2.3. Preserves

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Preserve open space buffers along the installation's boundaries and along roadways.

B03.2.4. Perimeter Fence

- Applicable

 N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



Main Gate

- 1. Design, install and maintain the base's perimeter fence following UFC 4-022-03.
- 2. Stringently comply with AT / FP requirements following UFC 04-010-01 for all spaces adjacent to the base's perimeter fence and all gates.
- 3. Fencing, gates and other elements that are associated with the main gates shall be a level of quality equivalent to Facility Group 1.

4. Maintain a positive visual quality along the traffic corridor on both sides of the main gates. Specifically address pedestrian access, circulation and common areas.	

C. SITE DEVELOPMENT

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

C01. SITE DESIGN

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Design / NEPA: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-design-nepa/index.html

C01.1. Site Design Considerations

Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 2





Consideration of Steep Terrain

Coordinated Facilities and Equipment

- 1. Collect documentation to validate approvals and completion of the NEPA process.
- 2. Ensure site design compliance with the Installation Development Plan (IDP) and its component plans and Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Promote integrated design with on-site solutions such as engineered small-scale hydrologic controls verses base-wide infrastructure; consider open space, natural features, bioswales, building roofs, streets, and paved surfaces.
- 4. Limit the impact of development on land and water resources. All site elements and infrastructure shall reinforce an image of sustainability, with reduced energy demand, renewable-energy usage, and water conservation.
- 5. Consider energy conservation during site design for the following categories: building and site lighting, auxiliary systems and equipment (refrigerators, elevators, etc.), building envelope, electric power and distribution, HVAC systems and equipment, service hot water, energy management (metering, EMCS).
- 6. Coordinate on-site renewable-energy systems and components to minimize area requirements and maximize efficiencies. Appropriately buffer and screen these and other mechanical systems and equipment.
- 7. New building projects should preserve open space and protect natural habitat.
- 8. Conform to existing topography to the greatest extent possible and use slopes to increase site and building efficiencies. Design sites to minimize irrigation and impacts to stormwater runoff.
- 9. Carefully study new project sites to identify the character of adjacent buildings, streets, landscaping, and site design elements. Reinforce the existing character in new site design.

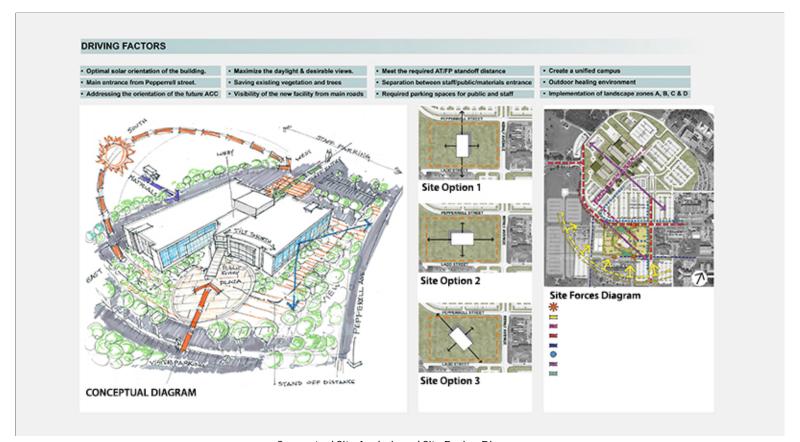
- 10. Consider relationships to adjacent facilities and district / centralized heating and cooling infrastructure and cost effectively connect building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 11. Minimize existing and planned obstructions from landscaping, structures, topography, and adjacent developments to preserve solar access and natural ventilation.
- 12. Purposefully integrate service access, receiving and storage areas to eliminate the need for visual screening.
- 13. Appropriately connect to the base network of streets, sidewalks and trails using drive aisles, parking areas, walkways, paths, and bicycle routes addressing both vehicles and pedestrians.
- 14. Applicably coordinate heat island mitigation in paving and roof designs when implementing an integrated approach to stormwater management.
- 15. Consider the location of "Designated Tobacco Areas."

C01.2. Building Orientation

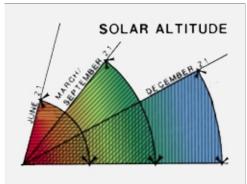
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Image Tool 800 x 440

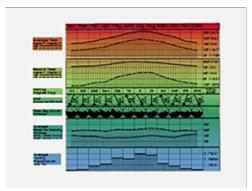
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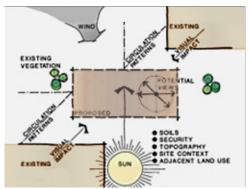
Conceptual Site Analysis and Site Design Diagram



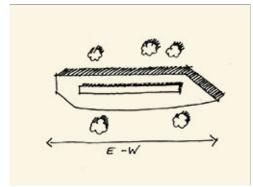


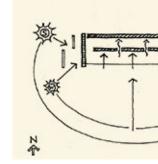


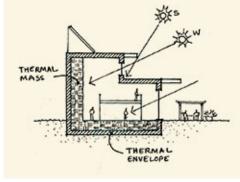
Local Climate Data



Site Data







East-West Axis

Optimum Solar Control

Optimized Shading

- 1. Ensure the site will accommodate optimum requirements for building orientation, which is with the long axis parallel to the east/west direction for rectilinear CONUS buildings.
- 2. Meet Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) requirements for the locations of the building's passive and renewable-energy systems—including geothermal and solar systems—and exterior shading systems.
- 3. Locate the building(s) and permitted ancillary structures to promote solar gain, solar shading, natural ventilation, rainwater harvesting, wind buffering and other beneficial passive systems. Consider natural ventilation during the design of HVAC systems.
- 4. Consider relationships to adjacent sites and their facilities and infrastructure, and cost effectively integrate building systems to harvest heat, grey water or other beneficial byproducts.
- 5. Consider the "public side" of the building, its views and the location of the main entrance.

CO2. UTILITIES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Utilities: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/utilities/index.html

C02.1. Utility Components

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Provide all on-site utility service lines below grade for Facility Group 1; when mounting elements (such as utility cabinets, communications equipment and water valves) above grade is unavoidable, paint these consistently and provide visual screening following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 2. Provide installation of utility infrastructure to support near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 3. Define all service entry points into the building and route distribution below grade into an interior space within the facility; exposed conduits, cables and wires on exterior walls are not permitted for Facility Group 1.
- 4. Include consideration of appropriate placement of meters in support of Automated Revenue Management Services (ARMS).
- 5. Limit exterior mechanical distribution systems such as exterior steam, chilled water, and hot water distribution to Group 3 facilities; when required for Group 1 and 2 facilities integrate with the architecture and provide visual screens following IFS.
- 6. Direct roof drainage to underground collection when feasible or provide splash blocks / paved channels to intercept roof drainage at grade.

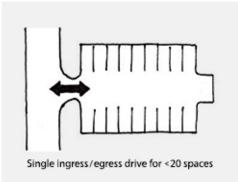
CO3. PARKING AREAS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

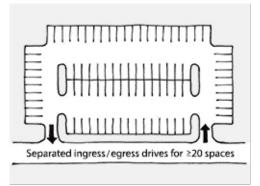
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Parking Areas: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/parking-areas/index.html

C03.1. Configurations and Design

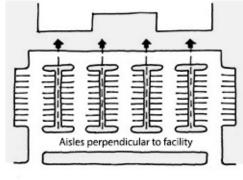
- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3



Small Lot Configuration



Large Lot Configuration



Facility Group 1 Configuration

- 1. Evaluate adjacent sites and cost-effectively consolidate parking areas to maximize efficient use; ensure that all areas meet accessibility guidelines.
- 2. Generally envision on-site parking as a series of small connected singular areas selectively placed around the facility served, rather than a single large area; buffer parking areas from the facility main entrance with a transition space and provide drop-offs to decrease close-in parking. Comply with IFS standards while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 3. Integrate at-grade and raised-profile curbing, permeable paved areas, and parking islands with the stormwater system and direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 4. Define pedestrian access with approved hardscape and provide shading along the primary path from the parking area to the main entrance of the building.
- 5. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.

- 6. Accessible parking spaces shall be marked according to UFC 3-120-01 and its references in ABAAS and the MUTCD.
- 7. Consider locations and requirements of near term and future electric vehicle charging stations.
- 8. Designate preferred parking spaces for electric vehicles and carpools near the main entrance.
- Consider cost-effectively integrating solar photovoltaic arrays into covered parking structures.
- 10. Reserved parking is discouraged except for Facility Group 1.
- 11. On-street parking is discouraged except in multi-use areas. When used, provide approved on-street parking configurations following UFC 3-201-01.
- 12. Access and service drives should accommodate the largest vehicle serving the facility.

C03.1.1. Paving and Striping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

Facility Group 1 paving materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic concrete Primary: Concrete where operationally required

Secondary: Concrete Secondary: Asphaltic Concrete

Accent: Permeable pavers Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 paving materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 4 paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Asphaltic Concrete Primary: Asphaltic Concrete

Secondary: N/A Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A Accent: N/A

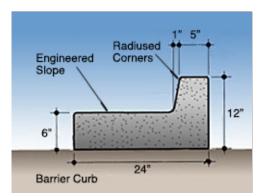
- 1. All new parking lots in Groups 1 and 2 shall be constructed of asphaltic concrete paving.
- 2. Porous paving may be considered on a case basis.
- 3. Cost-effectively provide light-colored concrete to reduce heat island effect; otherwise install asphaltic concrete paving. Dirt, gravel, and grass lots are not allowed.
- 4. Use consistent striping, angles and stall sizes in all parking areas.
- 5. All parking shall be marked with white stripes of paint or applied vinyl coatings. Red or yellow markings shall only be used for safety purposes and must be kept to a minimum. All lines shall be four inches (4") wide.

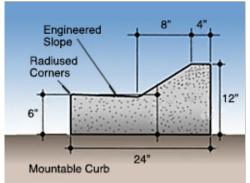
C03.1.2. Curbing

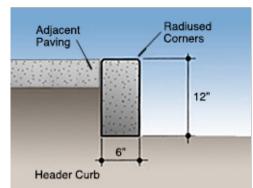
○ Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







"Barrier" Curb

"Mountable" Curb

Header Curb

Facility Group 1 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

N/A

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Accent:

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 curbing / edging materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Concrete

Primary: Concrete

Secondary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Define all parking lots with either raised profile or at-grade curbing to promote drainage and protect paving edges. All raised curbs shall be the rolled (mountable) type.
- 2. Integrate curbing to direct stormwater to bioswales and rain gardens as source water for regionally appropriate native vegetation.
- 3. Wheel stops are not permitted except at locations where car bumpers could contact adjacent items such as poles, signs or pedestrians.

C03.1.3. Internal Islands and Medians

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Install landscape islands and medians as visual breaks, to reduce heat island effects and to accommodate bioswales and rain gardens with consideration for snow removal. Coordinate suitable landscape or barriers integrated with walls and fences to ensure adequate force protection.

2. When lighting is necessary, contain fixture bases within medians or internal landscape islands.

C03.2. Parking Structures

○ Applicable ○ N/A Large graphics do not apply

○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Parking structures are encouraged in land-constrained locations when economically feasible.
- 2. Consider near term and future electric vehicle charging stations and renewable energy generation development during the analysis and design.
- 3. Consider opportunities for integrating parking structures into multi-use developments with pedestrian-oriented uses located on the ground floor and parking on upper levels; ensure ATFP guidelines are fully addressed.
- 4. Structures may be constructed below grade with roofs serving as vegetated areas or plazas.

C03.3. Connectivity

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Refer to the Installation Development Plan (IDP) for locations of transit stops and pedestrian and cycling networks; provide appropriately sized sidewalks and bike paths to connect facilities and users to these networks.
- 2. Provide amenities such as rain and shade shelters, trees, and benches to encourage and facilitate use of public transportation.
- 3. Evaluate the IDP for the current and planned network of roads and optimally develop vehicular access to and from the site.

C04. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Stormwater Management: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/stormwater-management/index.html

C04.1. Stormwater Requirements

○ Applicable

N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Trench Drain Connected to Storm Drainage

- 1. Design all stormwater systems including retention ponds, detention areas, channels, etc. as on-site amenities that are consistent with natural systems and drainage patterns, that help sustain the base landscape with beneficial functionality and that provide aesthetic appeal; coordinate with the base Stormwater Management Plan.
- 2. Incorporate bioswales into the design of all roadway, parking and facility roof systems to enhance water quality and support the overall stormwater system.
- 3. Permeable paving may be used in areas that are not subjected to severe freeze-thaw cycles.
- 4. Provide rainwater harvesting and storage that is attached to the building's roof drain systems to support grey water irrigation; consider freeze protection for winter months.
- 5. When underground drainage systems are required establish a maintenance program to include removal of sediments and debris; inspect joints seasonally for alignment to prevent leakage and the development of voids and surface failures.
- 6. Cost-effectively integrate stormwater systems with ATFP measures.

CO5. SIDEWALKS, BIKEWAYS AND TRAILS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Sidewalks, Bikeways and Trails: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/sidewalks-bikeways-trails/index.html

C05.1. Circulation and Paving

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ♠ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Decomposed Granite Paving

Facility Group 1 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 2 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Pervious Pavers

Secondary: Concrete Edging

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 3 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

Facility Group 4 sidewalks, plazas, and courtyards paving materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Permeable concrete

Secondary: N/A

Accent: N/A

- 1. Maintain efficient geometry and accessibility to connect building entrances to adjacent parking areas and activity areas and to the base transportation system following ATFP. Efficiently use materials to optimize life-cycle costs and to minimize maintenance.
- 2. Generally conform horizontal layouts of sidewalks to the geometric configuration of adjacent buildings, streets, parking lots, and other adjacent related site amenities. Occasional meanders and/or jogs may be included to capture views, to coordinate with landscaping or accommodate site constraints.
- 3. Walks in parking areas shall provide a direct path using "safe islands" and "peninsulas" to encourage safety. Walks parallel to streets shall follow streetscape guidelines. Clearly mark pedestrian crossings at vehicular routes.
- 4. Mitigate heat island by providing high-albedo, shaded sidewalks. Pervious pavers shall be used on all sidewalks, plazas and courtyards in Facility Groups 1 and 2; use pervious concrete in Groups 3 and 4. The designer shall incorporate appropriate expansion and construction joints.
- 5. Only experienced contractors will install pervious pavements.
- 6. Consider an integrated approach that could include stormwater management (permeable surfaces) and complement the design of the storm drainage system when appropriate.

- 7. Pedestrian paths should be at least 5' in width to allow for comfortable side-by-side walking.
- 8. Sidewalks leading to a building main entrance and at the interior of parking lots shall be a minimum width of 6'. Walks greater than 10' wide may be used at high-density pedestrian areas where volumes of traffic justify added material.
- 9. Where cars park adjacent and head-in to the sidewalk and wheel stops are not used, such perimeter walks shall be increased to a minimum width of 8' to accommodate overhangs of the parked vehicles.
- 10. All sidewalks shall have positive drainage to prevent ponding of water or ice accumulation with slopes ranging from 2.1% to 4.2%. Walks with a slope greater than 4.2% shall be designed as ramps following accessibility guidelines. All walks shall have a minimum cross slope of 2.1%.
- 11. Pavers shall conform to the following range of color: Earth tones. Pavers used on walks shall typically be 4" x 8" nominal size.
- 12. Connect to the bicycle circulation system and provide bicycle parking with a suitable means for securing bicycles following IFS. Consider changing/shower facilities for use by cyclists.
- 13. Refer to the Installation Development Plan for future trails, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.

C05.1.1. Ramps and Stairs

Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

1. Use ramps instead of stairs for sidewalks, bikeways and trails and at all buildings where possible. Where steps are unavoidable, follow UFC 1-200-01 and its references to the International Building Code.

C05.1.2. Lighting

Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

- 1. Provide lighting for all stairs and landings where traffic warrants.
- 2. Refer to the Lighting section for path lighting along sidewalks, bikeways and trails.

C06. LANDSCAPE

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Landscape: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/landscape/index.html

C06.1. Climate-based Materials

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Foundation Planting

- 1. Use only native, naturally occurring, drought tolerant indigenous plant species (including grasses) appropriate for the locale to promote energy efficiency and water conservation, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance, and add beauty.
- 2. Follow details and specifications of the American Standard for Nursery Stock, current edition.

C06.1.1. Landscape Design Concept

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1



Preserved Native Vegetation

- 1. Develop, maintain and implement a climate-based plant list with landscape features using a locally appropriate palette of materials to promote energy efficiency, preserve drainage patterns, inhibit erosion, improve air quality, lower maintenance and add beauty. Follow UFC 3-201-02 Landscape Architecture.
- 2. Landscaping is required for all newly developed sites and facilities; preserve existing native landscape where possible and avoid overplanting.
- 3. Concentrate landscaping in Facility Group 1 and along major thoroughfares and integrate these landscaped areas into the base's stormwater management plan. Refer to the Streetscape Envelope Standards in this IFS.

- 4. All Facility Group 1 sites shall be landscaped at their entire perimeter; limit formal planting arrangements to formal spaces typically associated with Group 1. Landscape public spaces near the main entrances of Group 1 facilities.
- 5. Facility Group 2 and 3 sites may have a native undisturbed landscape except at the main entrances of Group 2, which should be newly landscaped.
- 6. Facility plantings shall follow the Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) plant list, which is based on the specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.
- 7. Provide open spaces as transitions between developed and native areas that promote quality of life and provide visual relief and allow walkable connections to the transportation system.
- 8. Return suitable areas to a natural state to minimize and, whenever possible, eliminate ground maintenance requirements; expand prairie areas where appropriate with native plants to eliminate mowing and maintenance requirements.
- 9. In tree clusters replace grass with naturalized shrub beds and leaf litter mulch to eliminate mowing requirements.
- 10. Use plantings in open spaces to reinforce the space as a visual asset.
- 11. Consider landscape windbreaks when suitable for the local climate.
- 12. Integrate security requirements into the landscape design. Coordinate the heights of trees and shrubs and note restrictions for plantings following UFC 4-010-01.
- 13. Berms may be used as an integral part of the overall landscape strategy for screening, security and/or visual interest.

C06.1.2. Xeriscape Design Principles

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Apply xeriscape principles following UFC 3-201-02, Appendix B, and Air Force Corporate Facilities Standards.
- 2. Facility plantings are encouraged to use native plant species and to consider specific microclimates created by the adjacent building: shadow areas, protected areas, zones adjacent to thermal mass, and availability of rainwater and/or grey water.

C06.1.3. Minimizing Water Requirements

Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Reasonably reduce demand on potable water while seeking opportunities to increase alternative water sources for irrigation. Reduce or eliminate the use of potable/domestic water for purposes of landscape architecture maintenance, consistent with existing legal or contractual obligations, and prohibit potable-water irrigation in new construction beyond establishment following current DoD and Air Force policy.

C06.1.4. Plant Material Selection

Applicable ● N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply

1. Use only native, naturally occurring plant materials including grasses or turf suited for the local climatic conditions in the landscape design; potable-water irrigation systems are discouraged beyond the establishment period.

- 2. New facilities are encouraged to use native plant species as indicated on the plant lists available from the BCE:
- 3. Trees should be the focus of landscape plantings and, where possible, should be a mix of deciduous and evergreen species for variety; provide tree grates when appropriate and use tree guards on smaller trees.
- 4. Ground covers are only recommended when minimal maintenance is required.
- 5. Turf areas should be limited to those that can be sustained by natural rainfall or grey water (non-potable) irrigation systems; turf may be defined by at-grade concrete mow strips to lessen maintenance.
- 6. Analyze soils and provide organic amendments as needed to improve plant growth and conserve water.
- 7. All plant material shall have one-year warranty and is subject to approval by the BCE.

C06.1.5. Water Budgeting (Hydrozones)

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Comply with DoD and Air Force policy on potable-water irrigation systems.
- 2. Provide irrigation systems in new construction to establish plant materials following "Water for Landscaping" in UFC 1-200-02. Note the climate zone and annual rainfall for the locale.
- 3. New buildings shall cost-effectively integrate a grey-water reclamation system following UFC 1-200-02, which provides source water for an automatic drip irrigation system; connect adaptive plantings adjacent to facilities to a grey-water irrigation system when available and discontinue the use of potable water for irrigation after the establishment period.
- 4. Provide irrigation design following UFC 3-201-02. Install drip irrigation products and components following UFGS Section 32 84 24 Irrigation Sprinkler Systems. Match the color of valve box lids to the adjacent ground treatment (i.e. green at turf & native seed areas, brown at wood mulch & rock areas).
- 5. Life cycle cost-effectively equip irrigation systems to sense soil moisture, rainfall and wind to minimize unnecessary watering; incorporate drip irrigation systems as the primary source.

C06.1.6. Base Entrance Landscaping

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not applyApplicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. At the main gate, reinforce a sense of arrival through a well-designed concentration of landscape elements consistent in visual quality with Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure landscaping has seasonal features with spring and fall color and a combination of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs for winter interest.
- 3. Integrate base signs and street and pedestrian lighting whenever feasible.

C06.1.7. Streetscape Landscaping

Applicable	● N/A	Large graphics do not apply
Applicable	● N/A	Small graphics do not apply

1. Provide landscape designs with plant materials appropriately representing the level of quality of the adjacent Facility Group number. Refer to the Installation Elements section.

2. Select a variety of locally appropriate streetscape plantings and grading to create a visual interest.				
C06.1.8. Pedestrian Circulation Landscaping				
○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply				
○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply				
1. Define walkways with landscaping where appropriate.				
2. Provide rest areas along the pedestrian circulation network with human-scaled deciduous shade trees. Supplement tree plantings with finely textured shrubs when appropriate for the climate.				
3. Provide wind breaks where required.				
C06.1.9. Parking Lot Landscaping				
○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply				
Applicable ● N/A Small graphics do not apply				
1. Integrate appropriate landscaping elements into parking areas to visually soften the appearance.				
2. Avoid trees that drop sap, fruit, or seeds, and use long-lived species; keep trees trimmed, removing dead and dying trees or branches.				
3. Provide planting in islands within parking lots for shade and appeal following IFS and the base stormwater management plan.				
4. Rain garden islands shall be landscaped to receive rainwater runoff from adjacent impervious parking areas to be absorbed into the ground/planting bed. Native plants and groundcovers are recommended within the rain garden areas, which can survive without supplemental irrigation once established.				
C06.1.10. Screen/Accent Landscaping				
○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply				
○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply				
1. Provide complimentary accent landscaping at monuments and static displays.				
2. At Facility Group 1, provide landscaping adjacent to all freestanding signs without distracting from the written communication.				
3. Provide landscape screening of utility elements adjacent to Facility Group 1.				
4. Providing landscaping as visual screening is preferred to the construction of walls and fences; berming and mounding may supplement landscape screening.				
C06.1.11. Other				
○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply				
○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply				
Not Applicable				

C07. SITE FURNISHINGS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/site-furnishings/index.html

C07.1. Furnishings and Elements

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3







Standard Materials

Standard System

Materials Match Adjacent Facilities

- 1. Provide a coordinated consistent inventory of site furnishings to positively contribute to the visual environment, image, and identity of the base; ensure durability, low maintenance, reduced visual clutter, and compatibility with the adjacent architecture.
- 2. Remove poorly located or redundant litter / ash receptacles, newspaper and bicycle racks, telephone booths, vending machines, walls and fences to reduce visual clutter and to lessen the requirements for maintenance.
- 3. Group 1, 2 and 3 site furnishing shall be powder coated steel. Recreational areas may be treated timber.
- 4. Install needed outdoor seating (benches and low walls) in public gathering spaces near main and secondary building entrances. Low walls shall match facility architecture.
- 5. Integrate functional bicycle racks only where there is a documented need. Coordinate with the design of the building's main entrance grounds in Facility Groups 1 and 2 while meeting ATFP requirements.
- 6. Limit the use of bollards, but when necessary for force protection use steel in Groups 1, 2 and 3; Illuminated bollards may be used as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Locate architecturally coordinated containers for recycling, litter, ash, vending, etc., to minimize visual clutter and not visible from the building's main entrance. Minimize the use of freestanding planters.
- 8. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to parks and recreation areas following IFS.
- 9. Flagpoles using approved materials may be installed at locations designated by IFS, and in accordance with AFI 34-1201.
- 10. Refer to the Overview Section "Facility Hierarchy" topic of this AFCFS for guidelines regarding ancillary structures such as pavilions and shade shelters.
- 11. Bus shelters shall be provided only where there is a documented need and when approved on a case basis. Generally emulate the designs of adjacent shelters using powder coated aluminum framing and glass panels.

- 12. Monuments and static displays shall be limited. New elements are generally discouraged unless these are fully vetted through the base's approval process and designed following IFS.
- 13. When visual screening is necessary, consider landscaping as the first option; screen walls are permitted only in Group 1 finished to match the adjacent wall system.
- 14. For fencing, apply the standards for "Products, Materials and Color" in the following section. Limit those with the highest visual quality to Facility Group 1 where there is sustained maintenance. Define all levels of security and visual quality.
- 15. Do not use chain-link fencing at Group 1 facilities; limit the use of barbed-wire outriggers on chain-link fencing at industrial sites, unless required for additional security or protection of assets.
- 16. Provide trash dumpster enclosures for Group 1, 2 and 3 with CMU and powder coated steel gates; all gates shall be metal factory finished dark bronze.
- 17. Specify screen wall materials and finishes that do not require painting or maintenance beyond periodic cleaning.
- 18. Picnic tables and seating shall be powder coated steel, dark bronze. Generally limit picnic tables, barbeque grills and drinking fountains to parks and recreation areas.
- 19. Limit the use of freestanding planters to areas with ongoing maintenance.
- 20. Provide kiosks only where there is a documented need for visual communication of posted messages. When used, match adjacent facilities in materials and detailing and consolidate kiosks with other site furnishings within 30 feet of major pedestrian paths. Limit kiosks to facility Groups 1 and parks.
- 21. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C07.2. Site Furnishings Products, Materials and Color

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Site Furnishings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Charcoal

C07.2.1. Barbeque Grills

◆ Applicable ○ N/A	Number of base standards 2	Image Tool 250 x 188

Type:



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.		
Color:	Natural stainless steel		
Finish:	Mill		
Model #: SS BBQ Grill			
Other:	Concrete foundation, coordinate with Base Architect		
UFGS:	N/A		



Type:	Natural Gas
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	BBQ Coach
Color:	Natural stainless steel
Finish:	Mill
Model #	#: 32" 4-Burner
Other:	Built-in Concrete or masonry, coordinate with Base Architect
UFGS:	N/A

C07.2.2. Benches

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Materials, Inc.		
Color:	Weatherstone Gray		
Finish:	Standard Finish (Smooth)		
Model #	t: Mesa, Rectangular design		
Other:	N/A		
UFGS:	N/A		

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Brandir International Inc.

Color: Galvanized

Finish: Factory

Model #: The Ribbon Bike Rack, RB-07

Other: N/A

C07.2.4. Bike Lockers

○ Applicable N/A

C07.2.5. Bollards

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base standards 3

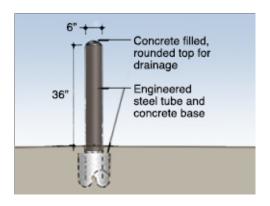
Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Lighted Square Sloped Top		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Kim Lighting		
Color:	Platinum Silver		
Finish:	Anodized aluminum		
Model #: VSB1 Square			
Other:	3000K LED Lamp, 360° downlighting		
UFGS:	N/A		



Type:	Lighted Round Dome Top				
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other				
Mfr:	Lithonia Lighting Products				
Color:	Dark Bronze				
Finish:	Anodized aluminum				
Model #	Model #: KBA				
Other:	Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp				
UFGS:	N/A				
Type:	Building Protection, steel				
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other				
Mfr:	(Bollard Cover) Reliance Foundry				
Color:	Brown cover may be field painted dark bronze				



IVIII:	(Bollard Cover) Reliance Foundry		
Color:	Brown cover may be field painted dark bronze		
Finish:	Factory		
Model #	#: 6" Steel pipe, concrete filled, Cover: R-7173		
Other:	A 1" (25.4 mm) rigid conduit and box with shroud may be provided at top of bollard with a receiver/key switch application		
UFGS:	N/A		

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1

Applies to:

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Dark Bronze, translucent glazing

Finish: Powder coated

Model #: Curvilinear roof, built-in aluminum benches

Other: Provide concrete slab

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.7. Drinking Fountains

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Pedestal

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Most Dependable Fountains, Inc.

Color: Natural

Finish: Stainless Steel

Model #: MDF 440 SMSS

Other: Accessible

UFGS: N/A

C07.2.8. Dumpster Enclosures / Gates

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1: CMU and Steel

Mfr: Custom

Applies to:

Color: Buff CMU, dark bronze doors

Finish: Heavy texture CMU, powder coated doors

Model #: Match adjacent building

Other: Steel gates and hardware, dark bronze, dumpsters shall be painted dark

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

brown

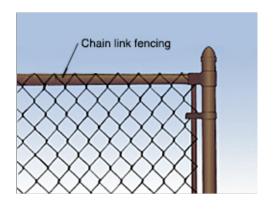
UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

C07.2.9. Fencing

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style A Barrier: High security, low visibility

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: General Wire Co.

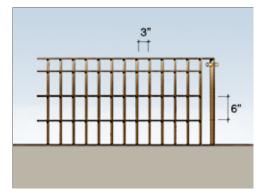
Color: Dark brown

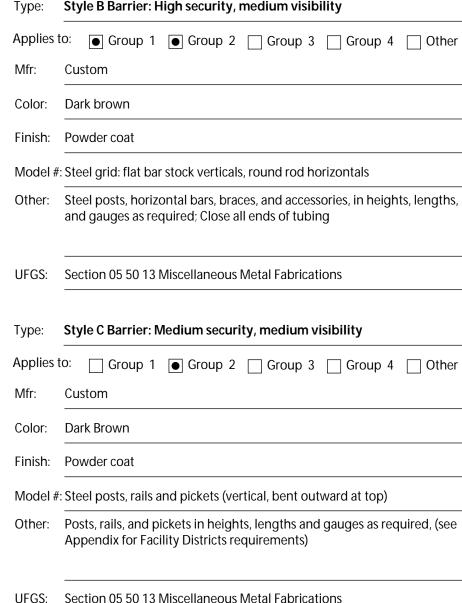
Finish: PVC coating over galvanized steel

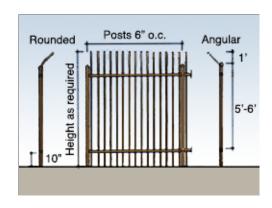
Model #: Chain link, steel posts and rails, gates and accessories

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 32 31 13 Chain Link Fences and Gates







C07.2.10. Flagpoles

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Eder Flag

Color: Natural aluminum

Finish: Satin Lustre

Model #: ECL30 IH, Internal Halyard

Other: 5" Butt Dia. 33' H (30' Exposed)

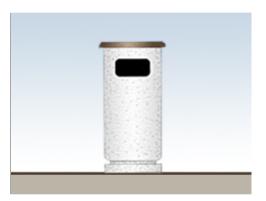
C07.2.11. Lighting - Landscape / Accent

Please refer to the Lighting section.

C07.2.12. Litter and Ash Receptacles

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1: Precast concrete		
to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Materials, Inc.		
Weatherstone Gray		
Smooth		
#: TR-3225 Sante Fe (round or square)		
Rigid plastic internal liner, http://materialsinc.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/ TR-3225_SANTA_FE.pdf		
N/A		



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Wabash Valley

Color: Black or as approved

Finish: Perforated Pattern

Model #: Urbanscape "E" with liner, 32 Gallon

Other: With dome top, without side door

C07.2.13. Picnic Tables

Number of base standards 2

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Precast concrete



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Materials, Inc.

Color: Weatherstone Gray

Finish: Standard Finish (Smooth)

Model #: TS-3490 New Mexican

Other: (303) 458-9595



Type:	Metal, vinyl coated		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Wabash Valley		
Color:	Brown or as approved		
Finish:	Factory vinyl coated		
Model #	#: Signature Series, 46" Square Pedestal Tables with 4 Seats		
Other:	Perforated Pattern, In-ground mount		
UFGS:	N/A		

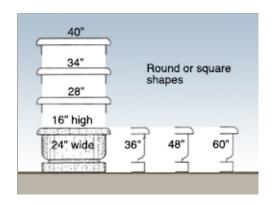
C07.2.14. Planters

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Precast concrete



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Materials, Inc.		
Color:	Weatherstone Gray		
Finish:	Smooth		
Model #: Santa Fe			
Other:	N/A		
UFGS:	N/A		

C07.2.15. Play Equipmen	nt		
♠ Applicable	Number of base s	tandards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
		Type: Applies Mfr: Color: Finish: Model #	Steel to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other Little Tikes Commercial Varies Powdercoated Steel *: N-R-G Freestyle Coordinate with Base Architect
		UFGS:	N/A
C07.2.16. Screen Walls Applicable N/A			
C07.2.17. Tree Grates			
○ Applicable			
C07.2.18. Other			
○ Applicable N/A			
COB. EXTERIOR SIGNS Comply with AF Corporate St http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-de	velopment/index	.html	ent:
Complywith AE Corporate St	andards for Extori	or Cianc	

C

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Exterior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/exterior-signs/index.html

C08.1. Colors and Types

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply

^{1.} Provide concise functional signs as a visually unifying element with consistent colors and types for all Installation and Gate Identification Signs; Building Identification Signs; Traffic Control Devices; Directional and Wayfinding Signs; and Informational and Motivational Signs.

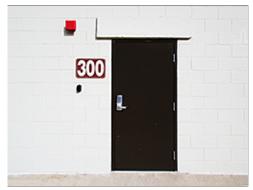
- 2. Provide signs with the lowest overall life cycle costs considering initial cost, ongoing maintenance and lifespan while meeting quality standards. Follow IFS for specifications appropriate for the local climate to withstand weathering.
- 3. Reduce the number of signs, reduce visual clutter and provide only essential signs required for identification, directions, instructions, and customer service following UFC 3-120-01. Remove non-conforming signs during renovation projects.
- 4. Use clear concise terms for content consistent with UFC 3-120-01.
- 5. Display of emblems on building exterior walls or other permanent structures is prohibited by UFC.
- 6. Raised "standout" letters and numbers may be used for Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 7. Group 2 and 3 facilities shall have wall mounted facility signs with sizes and layouts following UFC 3-120-01. Signs are not permitted for Group 4 facilities.
- 8. Only one identification sign is permitted at each building entrance. Include a building address consistent with US Postal Service protocols following UFC 3-120-01.
- 9. Traffic Control Devices, which regulate vehicular traffic on the installation, shall conform to the standards in the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) published by the Federal Highway Administration. Coordinate street signs with this IFS.
- 10. Provide Directional and Wayfinding Signs and address both pedestrian and vehicular traffic following UFC 3-120-01 for size, layout and content.
- 11. Reserved parking signs should be kept to a minimum. When approved, provide post-mounted sign faces in base standard materials and colors. Consider "bracketing" a designated area with a single sign at each end.
- 12. Parking lot identification signs may be used to identify areas or rows within large lots.
- 13. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.
- 14. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for Informational and Motivational Signs for size, layout and content.
- 15. Symbols or pictographs (graphic expressions of actual objects) may be used to indicate service, mandatory / prohibitory, sports, and recreation when rapid communication is necessary.
- 16. Force Protection signage may be applied to glass doors using white vinyl lettering.
- 17. Refer to UFC 3-120-01 for prohibited signs, which include those with animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects.
- 18. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C08.1.1. Materials and Color Specifications

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- ♠ Applicable N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 3

Image Tool 250 x 188







Group 1 Standout Letters

Building Number Sign Placement

Building Number Layout

- 1. Fabricate sign panels from aluminum sheet. Sign posts shall be aluminum tubing with capped ends in a concrete base.
- 2. Fence mounted sign panels may be attached with exposed fasteners.
- 3. All signage shall follow Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) using standard colors. Refer to MUTCD color specifications, which provide cross-referenced Pantone Matching System (PMS) numbers.
- a. Standard Blue
- b. Standard Dark Bronze (also Federal Standard Color 30040)
- c. Standard Red
- d. Standard Black (non-reflective)
- e. Standard White
- f. Standard Brown

Materials and Color Specifications

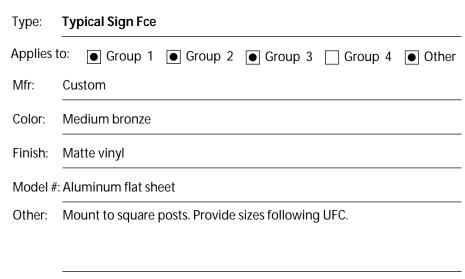
Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 3

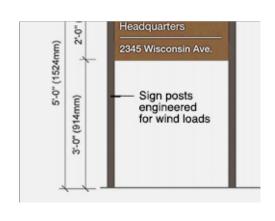
UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188





Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

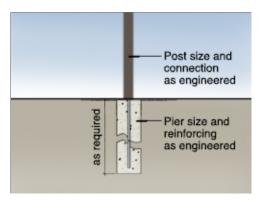
Color: Dark bronze, powder coat finish

Finish: Matte

Model #: Extruded aluminum with capped top ends

Other: Square posts and squared ends. Provide engineered sizes.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: Typical Sign Base

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: Natural Gray

Finish: Sonotube-formed

Model #: 24" height x 12" diameter, as engineered.

Other: At grade with 3/4" chamfer. Provide engineered sizes.

C08.1.2. Installation and Gate Identification Signs

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary (Uses per UFC)



Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Custom		
Color:	Dark bronze, brushed aluminum, accents per UFC		
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face		
Model #: Metal frame and panels, buff stone base			
Other:	ther: White vinyl lettering. Provide dimensions per UFC. Secondary signs shall match primary sign's materials, but shall be smaller in size per UFC. Tertiary signs shall follow the UFC.		
UFGS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications		

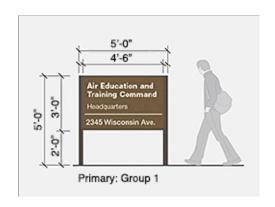
C08.1.3. Building Identification Signs

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 5

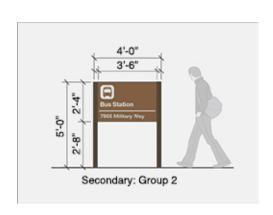
UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Freestanding Primary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)	
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other	
Mfr:	Custom	
Color:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering	
Finish:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face	
Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts		
Other:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.	

Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications



Type: Freestanding Secondary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

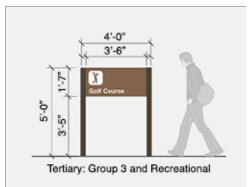
Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering

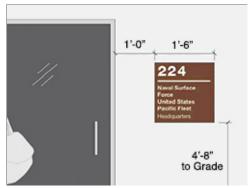
Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Provide layout and sizes per UFC.



Туре	e:	Freestanding Tertiary Sign (Sizes and Uses per UFC)
App	lies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:		Custom
Colc	or:	Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white vinyl lettering
Finis	sh:	Powder coat or vinyl sign face
Mod	del#:	Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts
Oth	er:	Provide layout and sizes per UFC.
UFG	SS:	Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications
Турє	e:	Wall Mounted
App	lies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:		Custom
Colo	or:	Medium brown, white lettering



Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other				
Mfr:	Custom				
Color:	Medium brown, white lettering				
Finish:	Satin vinyl applied to aluminum sheet				
Model #	#: Aluminum sheet with vinyl face and vinyl lettering				
Other:	Provide layout and sizes following UFC.				
UFGS:	N/A				



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Custom

Color: White vinyl lettering

Finish: Matte vinyl

Model #: Machine-cut sheet vinyl

Other: Apply vinyl lettering to glass. Provide sizes following UFC.

C08.1.4. Traffic Control Devices (Street Signs)

Number of base standards 1

Type:

Street Signs

Image Tool 250 x 188



C08.1.5. Directional and Wayfinding Signs

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

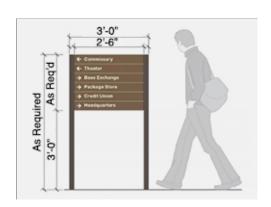
Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts, white reflective lettering

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: Conform to the requirements of the MUTCD and its DoD Supplement. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.



Type: Pedestrian

UFGS:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ● Group 4 ● Other

Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

Mfr: Custom

Color: Medium brown face, dark bronze posts

Finish: Powder coat or vinyl sign face

Model #: Aluminum sheet face, extruded aluminum posts

Other: White vinyl lettering. Provide types and sizes where required by UFC.

UFGS: Section 05 50 13 Miscellaneous Metal Fabrications

C08.1.6. Informational Signs

- Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
- Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
- 1. Minimize informational signs such as static display signs, hours of operation, and project signs to reduce visual clutter.
- 2. Static display signs shall have standard dark bronze color.
- 3. Hours of operation signs shall have a level of quality equivalent to the Facility Group number.

4. Temporary / Project Signage shall be judiciously placed to avoid visual clutter. Schedule and arrange for the removal of these signs prior to installation.
C08.1.7. Motivational Signage
○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply
○ Applicable N/A Small graphics do not apply
1. Provide professionally produced motivational signs as important elements of campaigns to boost morale, improve safety, aid in recruiting, and accomplish other motivational objectives. Consolidate this signage to reduce visual clutter.
2. Motivational signs shall be limited to an electronic "marquee" type changeable sign near each gate. Temporary signs are not permitted. Motivational information may also be posted in a small, printed format on kiosks in specified, high pedestrian use areas. Refer to kiosks under Site Furnishings.
3. Follow UFC 3-120-01 for color and layout. Note that animated, blinking, chasing, flashing, or moving effects are prohibited by the UFC.
4. Mount marquee signs on reinforced concrete bases with a natural warm gray color.
C08.1.8. Parking Lot Signs
○ Applicable ● N/A
1. Whenever possible, limit the number of parking signs by "bracketing" multiple reserved parking spaces. Use the "bracketing" approach for three (3) or more contiguous spaces. For one (1) or two (2) spaces, use individual signs at each space.
2. Follow the guidelines and requirements in ABAAS and the MUTCD for accessible parking signs.
C08.1.9. Regulatory Signs
Applicable ● N/A
1. Regulatory signage, which restricts, warns and advises, shall be limited to those mandated under Highway/Traffic, Government Warning, and/or Parking Regulation. Follow UFC 3-120-01 and its industry references for color and layout.
2. Provide a comprehensive, systematic approach to regulatory signage to avoid clutter and confusion from "over signage."
3. Maintain base warning signs for safety and security at the base perimeter and at specific secure areas. Use these to notify visitors of restrictions governing conduct on the base, as well as other security procedures.
C08.1.10. Other
○ Applicable N/A
Not Applicable
CO9. LIGHTING Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Site Development: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/index.html
Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Lighting: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/site-development/lighting/index.html

C09.1. Fixtures and Lamping

○ Applicable N/A Large graphics do not apply

● Applicable ○ N/A Select number of graphics / images (small: 250 px x 188 px) to insert 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Double Arm with LED Lamping

- 1. Provide, coordinate and efficiently install street, parking lot, sidewalk and facility lighting with appropriate luminaires, lamping, placement and spacing following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS); ensure the level of quality is consistent with the adjacent facility group number. Pole-mounted, wall-mounted and bollard fixtures are permitted.
- 2. Integrate controls to automatically reduce lighting power during periods of non-activity; automatically turn off power when sufficient daylight is available.
- 3. Ensure continuity and consistency of lighting elements. In new construction generally match post types, fixture types, styles, heights, sizes, materials, colors, and lamp types of adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 4. Economically provide renewable-energy power sources such as solar photovoltaic when feasible.
- 5. Use appropriately designed or shielded luminaires to direct light downward to minimize light pollution and intrusion onto adjacent sites and to facilitate night training.
- 6. Calculate illuminant levels for all lighting applications following UFC 3-530-01 and ensure compliance with pre-curfew maximum brightness level requirements.
- 7. Sufficiently address environmental factors to prevent corrosion and weathering of fixtures, plinths and other components.
- 8. Wall mounted fixtures should respond to the architectural character of the facility.
- 9. Efficient accent lighting of architectural and landscape features may be provided for Group 1, lodging and historical applications. Accent lights in ground-mounted locations may be provided for static displays and signs when these do not conflict or cause hazards with overhead aircraft.
- 10. Comply with UFC 3-530-01 for light source technology and lamp types. High efficiency lamping such as LED is preferred for most applications.
- 11. Provide round tapered, square non-tapered, or round non-tapered aluminum poles and aluminum fixtures with square, rectangular or circular housings in colors and shapes to match adjacent facilities and the facility district.
- 12. Install lighted bollards only at Group 1 and high-traffic Group 2 facilities. Generally match materials, colors and shapes of adjacent facilities and the facility district.

- 13. Install natural warm gray color, smooth finished concrete bases for all poles in heights appropriate for the facility group and application. Generally Groups 1 and 2 shall have at-grade bases. Group 3 shall have taller bases for added durability.
- 14. When parking lot lighting is necessary, provide an illuminated path to the building's main entrance. Pole bases should be contained within an internal landscape median or island.
- 15. Consistently install lighting for sidewalks, bikeways and trails to match adjacent facilities.
- 16. Landscape accent lighting may be used in public gathering spaces and in Group 1 facilities. Coordinate the design, luminaire selection, and placement with the location of trees, shrubs, and site furnishings.
- 17. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

C09.2. Light Fixture Types

Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Light Fixtures (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

C09.2.1. Street Lighting

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting
Color:	Clear Anodized as approved by BCE
Finish:	Factory
Model #	#: Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount
Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
UFGS:	N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Parking Lot Style 1

Mfr: Hubbell, Kim Lighting

Color: Clear Anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Factory

Applies to:

Model #: Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount

Other: Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

UFGS: N/A

Type: Parking Lot Fixture Base

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ● Other

Mfr: Custom

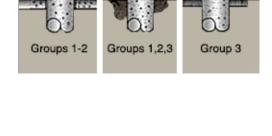
Color: Natural gray

Finish: Trowel

Model #: Form-cast, round

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 33 00 Cast-In-Place Architectural Concrete



Planted

areas

Paved

areas

Parking

areas

♠ Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Lighted Round Dome Top			
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Lithonia Lighting Products			
Color:	Dark Bronze			
Finish:	Anodized aluminum			
Model #	#: KBA			
Other:	Flared cone, 3000K LED Lamp. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.			
UFGS:	N/A			
Туре:	Lighted Square Sloped Top			
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other			
Mfr:	Kim Lighting			
Color:	Platinum Silver			
Finish:	Anodized aluminum			
Model #	#: VSB1 Square			
Other:	3000K LED Lamp, 360° downlighting			
UFGS:	N/A			



C09.2.4. Sidewalk Lighting		
♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base	e standards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Rectilinear Cutoff
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Hubbell, Kim Lighting
Single mount Double mount	Color:	Dark Bronze Anodized (or Clear Anodized as approved by BCE)
a 6	Finish:	Anodized aluminum
Bollard A	Model #	t: Rectilinear Cutoff, Single Arm or Dual Arm Mount
	Other:	Lamp: LED. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for fixture base.
	UFGS:	N/A
C09.2.5. Walls / Stairs Lighting		
Applicable N/A Number of base	e standards	1 Image Tool 250 x 188
	Type:	Style 1
	Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
	Mfr:	Vista Lighting
	Color:	Dark bronze anodized
	Finish:	Smooth
	Model #	t: Aluminum Step and Brick Lights, 5230 round louvered
	Other:	Lamp: LED
	UFGS:	N/A
C09.2.6. Other		

C09.2.6. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

D. FACILITIES EXTERIORS

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

D01. SUPPORTING THE MISSION

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Supporting the Mission: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D02. SUSTAINABILITY

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Sustainability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/supporting-the-mission/index.html

D03. ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Architectural Features: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/architectural-features/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

















Group 3







Group 4

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

D03.1. Orientation, Massing and Scale

- 1. Orient new buildings to maximize energy efficiency, passive solar and daylighting potential of the building; narrow buildings oriented along an east-west axis are typical in CONUS, however due to the patterns of shading from Cheyenne Mountain, buildings may be oriented to maximize heat gain in the winter months resulting in less overall energy usage.
- 2. Provide orthogonal geometry for principal building form; angular geometry may be used sparingly for Group 1 and used only for emphasis at specific areas such as building entrances and stairwells.
- 3. Maintain a human scale and reduce the visual scale of large buildings with sub-massing related to interior functional operations; create consistent form and scale in adjacent buildings with compatible profiles or silhouettes.
- 4. Building heights shall not be limited; however, building heights over 2 stories shall be considered on a case basis.
- 5. Combine functions where practical to avoid a proliferation of small, independent structures.
- 6. Use and coordinate shading devices with orientation and for function.

D03.2. Architectural Character

- 1. Develop architectural features, materials and detailing appropriate for the Facility Group designation. Refer to Building Entrances, Wall Systems and Roof Systems.
- 2. Respond to the local climate and regional influences with environmentally functional architectural features.
- 3. For new facilities design generally maintain consistency and visual unity in the character of the adjacent buildings through compatible architectural features: repeated use of similar forms such as roofs, and through recurring elements such as doors, windows, materials and colors.
- 4. Reinforce the Missile Defense theme with related architectural features expressive of innovation and technology that represents the current mission.
- 5. All facilities shall express sustainability through their orientation, massing, shape, form, materials, and detailing. Provide louvers, fins and other shading devices to control heat gain and glare and to and improve energy efficiency.
- 6. Strive for economical construction without compromising a high-quality, professional appearance.

D03.3. Details and Color

- 1. Provide a palette of earth-tone colors related to the native landscape in precast panels, CMU and powder-coated metals. Refer to wall systems for detailed material listings.
- 2. Relate the level of architectural detailing to the Facility Group number.
- 3. Use only integrally colored materials as the predominant exterior building material; do not use materials in new construction that require field painting and ongoing maintenance.
- 4. Provide consistent and compatible colors for every exterior building feature, including walls, roofs, doors, windows, gutters, downspouts, utility and mechanical elements, and other visible elements.
- 5. Noncorrosive metals with factory applied color finishes are required.
- 6. Combine details and color with orientation, massing, scale and architectural character to maintain base compatibility.
- 7. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D03.3.1. Climate-based Data and Life-Cycle Cost-Effective Passive and Natural Design Strategies:

Climate dominated by mechanical cooling

Climate	te dominated by mechanical heating
Clima	te with similar mechanical cooling / heating needs
Clima	te with minimal mechanical cooling / heating needs
Climate	te with high humidity
Clima	te with moderate humidity
Clima	te with low humidity
High S	Solar Insolation
Mode	rate Solar Insolation
○ Low S	olar Insolation
○ Soils v	vith High Thermal Conductivity
Soils v	vith Average Thermal Conductivity
○ Soils v	vith Low Thermal Conductivity
Other:	
Other:	
Facility:	Narrow buildings along E-W axis are preferred
Wall:	Integral shading features and devices / interior masonry thermal mass walls (for heating)
Doors:	Recessed are preferred
Windows:	Limit north-facing windows / maximize windows on south façades with shading
Roof:	High to medium albedo, minimal to moderate slope
Structure:	Do not expose ferrous metals. Provide factory finished non-ferrous metals or concrete
MEP:	Ground-source and solar photovoltaic following LCCA
Other:	Optimize shading devices to provide summer shade and allow winter solar heat gain
Other:	Internal thermal mass walls may be used for heating following LCCA

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Architectural Features (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D03.3.2. Natural Ventilation System

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Aluminum Windows

Applies to:

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent)

Color: Dark Bronze (or clear anodized as approved by BCE

Finish: Anodized

Model #: 2x4, slider or awning type

Other: Provide thermally broken frames.

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

D03.3.3. Thermal Mass

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)Number of base standards 1

irds 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Interior Wall Material

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Custom, TBD

Color: Red brick blend

Finish: Light texture

Model #: Coursed unit masonry

Other: Brick is preferred. Concrete block may only be used in Group 3 when

approved by the BCE.

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry

D03.3.4. Thermal Shading

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Wall Devices

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Kawneer (or equivalent) or custom

Color: Dark bronze

Finish: Factory, to match frames

Model #: Louver

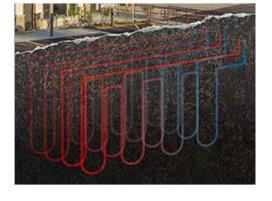
Other: Shading devices may be attached to frames or structure

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

D03.3.5. Renewable Heating/Cooling

Applicable ON/A Number of base standards 1

lards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Geothermal (Ground Source)

Applies to:
• Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 • Group 4
Other

Mfr: Climate Master

Color: N/A

Finish: N/A

Model #: N/A

Other: Vertical ground loop well field

UFGS: Section 23 81 47 Water-Loop and Ground-Loop Heat Pump Systems

D03.3.6. Solar Photovoltaic System

○ Applicable ● N/A

D03.3.7. Solar Thermal System

○ Applicable ● N/A

D04. BUILDING ENTRANCES

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Building Entrances: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/building-entrances/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188













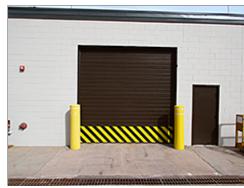












Group 4

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

D04.1. Primary Entrances

- 1. Emphasize the primary entrance in the overall building design with a projecting or recessed covering for weather protection following Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) for Facility Group designations.
- 2. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1.
- 3. Fully integrate all elements including the design of handicap ramps in the overall design of the primary entrance in an organized uncluttered appearance.
- 4. Install paved transitional spaces sized for the building function and occupancy.
- 5. Install appropriate lighting and site furniture following AT/FP and IFS.
- 6. Protect entrances from falling ice and snow.

D04.2. Secondary Entrances

- 1. Provide vestibules at entries in Groups 1, 2 and 3 unless used infrequently or serving unconditioned space following ASHRAE 90.1; use of stair towers as vestibules for multi-story buildings is encouraged when building and / or energy codes are satisfied.
- 2. Reflect the character of the primary entrance to a lesser extent with a smaller scale.
- 3. Include a recess or projection for weather protection and shading.
- 4. Integrate service and egress doors and loading areas with the building design by matching the materials and detailing and reflect the overall quality of the facility.
- 5. Incorporate egress structures such as stair towers into the facility design.
- 6. Canopies may be used for service and loading areas; weather protection beyond weatherstripping is not required at doors used only for life safety egress.
- 7. Develop building massing and orientation to minimize the appearance of service and loading areas; physically and visually separate these from primary entrances.
- 8. Loading areas must be organized, orderly and have an uncluttered appearance.

D05. WALL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/wall-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















Group 4

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

Group 4 N/A

D05.1. Hierarchy of Materials

- 1. Group 1 facilities may have more refined detailing than Group 2 and Group 2 may have more definition than Group 3.
- 2. Group 1 and 2 exterior walls shall be buff integrally colored CMU. Walls may be split face or fluted. CMU in these groups must remain in its unpainted, natural color to minimize the amount of maintenance required.
- 3. Group 3 shall be smooth face CMU, painted off-white. The use of metal panels is discouraged.
- 4. Generally, maintain an orthogonal geometry with right angles for building plans.
- 5. Follow base standards for color, generally blending downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 6. Group 4 does not apply.
- 7. All facilities within the CMC shall be coordinated with the BCE.
- 8. Use high-performance building envelopes following UFC 1-200-02.
- 9. Use detailing that is resistant to excessive weathering. Provide wall accents consistently throughout the base.
- 10. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D05.2. Layout, Organization and Durability

- 1. Organize wall components including doors, windows, accents, shading devices, control joints, etc., to provide an ordered, professional appearance.
- 2. Integrate shading devices into the overall composition of the wall.
- 3. Integrate fixed shading devices as at all exterior glazing exposed to summer UV heat gain as a passive design measure to reduce energy use. Ensure adequate shading at west entrances.
- 4. Shading systems may be included as part of a manufacturer's window system or may be custom systems integrated into the wall.
- 5. Provide appropriate transitions between dissimilar materials to mitigate effects of thermal expansion and galvanic action.
- 6. All joint sealants shall be slightly darker than adjacent surfaces.
- 7. Materials requiring regular maintenance are not permitted; do not use exposed structural steel or other materials that require painting.
- 8. Refer to C07.2.16. Screen Walls for materials and colors of freestanding walls.

D05.3. Equipment, Vents and Devices

- 1. Arrange all mechanical, electrical, fire alarm, lightning protection and other system components to create an orderly appearance that integrates with the wall system.
- 2. Group 1 and 2 facilities should not expose conduits, cables, piping, lightning protection components, etc. on exterior walls; if unavoidable in renovations, finish these elements to match the adjacent wall surface. Group 3 wall attachments, conduits, vents, downspouts and other utility features should be painted in their entirety to match the wall color to which they are attached. This includes extensions above the roof line.
- 3. Avoid visual clutter and where surface-mounted elements are required they shall match the wall color.

D05.4 Wall Systems Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows. Primary: Buff colored, split-face or fluted CMU Primary: Smooth CMU, painted Accent block coursing (optional) Secondary: Secondary: N/A Accent: N/A Accent: N/A Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows. Primary: Buff colored, split-face CMU Primary: N/A N/A Secondary: Buff colored, Fluted CMU Secondary: N/A Accent: Accent: N/A Note: Apply the below base-wide standards for Wall Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located. D05.4.1. Flat Metal Panels D05.4.2. Brick Veneer D05.4.3. Architectural Precast ○ Applicable N/A D05.4.4. Stucco Over Sheathing D05.4.5. Curtain Wall ○ Applicable N/A D05.4.6. Cast-In-Place Concrete

D05.4.7. Tilt-Up Concrete

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Architectural Precast Panels
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	StressCon
Model #:	Exterior wall panel system
Color:	Beige
Finish:	Medium aggregate texture, fluted accent panels
Other:	N/A

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 03 47 13.pdf

D05.4.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 1

UFGS:

Image Tool 250 x 188

Section 03 47 13 Tilt-Up Concrete:



Type: Lap Seam Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other Mfr: Berridge Model #: Lap Seam Panel Color: Beige Finish: Embossed Texture, factory finished Other: 24 Gauge Steel UFGS: Section 07 42 13 Metal Wall Panels: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 42 13.pdf

D05.4.9. EFIS

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.10. GRFC

○ Applicable ● N/A

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 3

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Concrete Masonry Units - Split Face

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: General Shale

Model #: 8x8x16 Nominal, Square end and corner units

Color: Buff

Finish: Heavy texture

Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

Type: Concrete Masonry Units - Fluted Face

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: General Shale

Model #: 8x8x16 Nominal, Square end and corner units

Color: Buff

Finish: Heavy texture on flute faces, smooth recesses

Other: Confirm class of system with the BCE

UFGS: Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf



D05.4.12. Fiber Cement Siding

○ Applicable ● N/A

○ Applicable ● N/A

D05.4.13. Other

Type:	Concrete Masonry Units - Smooth Face		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	General Shale		
Model #	#: 8x8x16 Nominal, Square end and corner units		
Color:	Buff		
Finish:	Smooth		
Other:	Confirm class of system with the BCE		
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf		

D06. DOORS AND WINDOWS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/doors-and-windows/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1







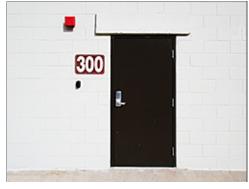












Group 4

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

Group 4 N/A

D06.1. Types

- 1. Clear anodized aluminum doors, windows and frames with thermal breaks are preferred for Facility Groups 1-2 because they show less wear and weathering than dark anodized finishes; match the color of the door and frame. Group 3 man doors and overhead doors should have hunter green powder-coated steel doors and frames, while windows should be brushed aluminum frames with clear anodized finish. For renovation projects the color of new windows, doors and frames may match the existing ones.
- 2. Standard-sized hinged doors are preferred. Use sliding, folding, overhead, sectional and other door configurations only to support mission operations.
- 3. Automatic doors are allowed only where functionally necessary.
- 4. Limit hollow metal doors and frames to security doors, utility rooms and mechanical rooms in Groups 1 and 2 and to any application in Group 3 facilities.
- 5. Utility and emergency egress doors shall match the wall color.
- 6. Passive thermal comfort methods of ventilation are encouraged where life cycle cost justified.
- 7. Windows must meet force protection requirements. Glass must be tinted a medium grey color to reduce solar heat gain in the building interiors and windows should be non-operable store-front systems.
- 8. Mullions should be low profile 1.75" width with no muntins.
- 9. Adjacent joint sealants should be slightly darker than the frame color.
- 10. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D06.2. Layout and Geometry

- 1. Visually and functionally compose openings in walls for the climate-specific exposure.
- 2. Consistently use opening type, size, placement, mullion pattern, and color to reinforce the overall architectural design.
- 3. Openings shall augment interior lighting and space conditioning needs.
- 4. Protect against vandalism, intrusion and coordinate sound ratings.

D06.3. Glazing and Shading

- 1. Tinted, energy-efficient, low-e, double-pane glazing is encouraged; provide triple-pane glazing in extreme environments.
- 2. Glazing color shall follow Installation Facilities Standards (IFS).
- 3. Do not use mirrored glazing.
- 4. Fully integrate applicable shading designs for overhangs, louvers, light shelves and grilles.

D06.4. Hardware

- 1. Provide hardware appropriate for the Facility Group while considering activity and frequency of use and local climate; hardware may be of higher visual quality for Facility Group 1.
- 2. Ensure hardware will perform throughout the facility's lifespan without showing extreme wear.
- 3. Select finishes that will not degrade by intensity of operation or exposure to the elements.
- 4. Use consistent finishes and color on window and door systems throughout a facility. For renovation projects the color of new hardware may match the existing hardware.

5. Design building systems to eliminate the need for security screens whenever possible.

D06.5. Doors and Windows Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D06.5.1. Anodized Aluminum

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Anodized Aluminum Doors, Windows and Frames		
Applies	to: • Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Kawneer (or equivalent)		
Color:	Dark Brown Anodized		
Finish:	Matte		
Model #	: 2x4		
Other:	Provide thermally broken frames		

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts: http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

D06.5.2. Hollow Metal

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



rype:	
Applies t	o: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	Hollow Metal Doors, Windows and Frames
Color:	Dark Brown
Finish:	Powder Coated, Satin
Model #:	2x4 frame
Other:	Provide thermally broken frames

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames:

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

D06.5.3. Aluminum-clad Wood Applicable N/A D06.5.4. Other Applicable N/A

D07. ROOF SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Roof Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/roof-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















Group 4

Group 3

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

D07.1. Roof Type and Form

- 1. Use proven, cost-effective roof systems with high durability, weather resistance, and low maintenance that are compatible with Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) and requirements for the designated Facility Group.
- 2. Generally match the roof type and form of existing adjacent facilities in new construction.
- 3. Group 1 and 2 buildings may be sloped, hipped standing seam (or batten seam) metal roofs or minimal-slope roofs.
- 4. Provide screens for roof-mounted appendages and equipment of the same materials, which are used predominantly in the building's roof systems.
- 5. All Group 3 facilities shall use minimal-slope roofs.
- 6. Group 4 is not applicable.
- 7. Roof eaves shall extend beyond the exterior wall for roof drainage and shading. Provide overhangs for shading in response to local climatic conditions, sized and proportioned to the height of the facility and to the window openings being shaded.
- 8. South-facing eaves shall coordinate with adjacent wall-mounted shading devices.
- The color, shape and slope of the eave and soffit shall be compatible with adjacent facilities.
- 10. Keep roofs uncluttered and minimize penetrations.
- 11. Diminish massive roofs into coordinated smaller consistent with adjacent facilities; avoid random, arbitrary changes.
- 12. Increase the insulation value of existing roofing systems during renovations if supported by life cycle cost and structural analysis.
- 13. Roofs shall be maintained for the life of the system and replaced in accordance with UFC 3-110-04 and AFI 32-1051. A warranty is required on all new roofs.
- 14. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D07.2. Roof Slope

- 1. Group 1 and 2 buildings shall use sloped roofs, min. 3:12, or minimal-sloped roofs. Group 3 facilities shall use minimal-sloped roofs.
- 2. Ensure adequate drainage, and connect to the subsurface rain collection system where available.
- 3. Provide roof slopes to accommodate solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, passive systems and daylighting when applicable following UFC 1-200-02.
- 4. Provide underlayments as required for the roofing type as directed by the UFC.

D07.3. Parapets and Copings

1. Extend wall materials vertically above the roof line and provide metal copings to match the wall. Ensure copings are properly flashed and detailed to avoid roof leaks.

D07.4. Color and Reflectivity

- 1. Sloped roofs in Groups 1 and 2 shall be green. Copings where used shall be green.
- 2. All minimal-slope membrane roofs shall use only use high-albedo, high reflectivity color to help decrease the temperature around the buildings and minimize damage to human and wildlife habitat.
- 3. Comply with UFC 3-110-03 and ASHRAE 90.1 for Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) and thermal requirements.

4. All roof flashing shall be green.

D07.5. Gutters, Downspouts, Scuppers, Drains

- 1. All sloped roofs shall use gutters and downspouts. Gutters shall be outside the fascia.
- 2. Internal roof drainage systems are not permitted in new construction. Minimal-sloped roofs shall be sloped to drain to the building perimeter through scuppers into downspouts.
- 3. All gutters and fascias on sloped roofs shall match the roof color.
- 4. Size the roof drainage system per IBC and SMACNA for the region.
- 5. Use scuppers as required in parapet walls. Arrange scuppers in an orderly manner consistent with other elements of the wall system.
- 6. When open scuppers are connected to downspouts, provide transitions consistent with adjacent facilities.
- 7. Integrate downspouts with the architectural details of the wall system and arrange in an orderly, non-prominent appearance. Generally blend downspouts with the color of the wall (not contrasting it).
- 8. Fabricate downspouts from non-corrosive materials such as aluminum or zinc-coated steel. Provide powder-coated finishes in buff to match walls.
- 9. All downspouts shall be solid.
- 10. Provide angled transitional pieces for downspouts to fit closely against the wall for their entire length.
- 11. Coordinate locations of downspouts to conceal control joints in masonry walls when possible.
- 12. Place downspouts away from building entries. Water discharged should not run across sidewalks.

D07.6. Roof Vents and Elements

- 1. Minimize and consolidate roof penetrations into a single, inconspicuous point whenever possible.
- On sloped roofs clad pipe penetrations to match the roofing material.
- 3. Avoid the use of rooftop mechanical equipment, however for renovations and unavoidable configurations ensure units are screened.
- 4. Provide access points and service routes to equipment that protect the roof.
- Screen all large vents.
- 6. Ensure attic spaces are properly vented at ridges and soffits.
- 7. Match roof color for all exposed equipment and vents.
- 8. Avoid roof-mounted antenna systems.
- 9. Arrange Lightning Protection Systems (LPS) components in an ordered, uncluttered, inconspicuous appearance and integrated into the organization of the roof and wall systems.
- 10. Ensure that LPS roof mounting systems are approved by the roofing manufacturer.
- 11. Additions to a roof shall not interfere with LPS or other rooftop systems that may be required.
- 12. Permanent fall protection shall be included with any addition to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03 to a roof with a slope above 3:12 per UFC 3-110-03.

D07.7. Clerestories and Skylights

1. Clerestories and skylights are only permitted for Group 1 and must comply with UFC 4-10-01.

D07.8. Vegetated Roof

Not Applicable

D07.9. Roof Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Roof Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D07.9.1. Standing Seam Metal

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Berridge

Color: Green as approved by the BCE

Finish: Matte

Model #: Batten seam panel

Other: Standard closures on hipped or shed forms

UFGS: Section 07 61 14 Steel Standing Seam Roofing

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 61 14.00 20.pdf

D07.9.2. Membrane Single-ply

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1		
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other		
Mfr:	Carlisle Systems		
Color:	Off-white		
Finish:	Smooth		
Model #	T: TPO single-ply, "flat" minimal slope		
Other:	Metal coping and flashing shall be green		
UFGS:	Section 07 53 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 07 53 23.pdf Section 07 54 50 TPO Thermoplastic Single-Ply Roofing (Not Available on UFGS)		

D07.9.3. Built-up Multi-ply

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.4. Concrete Tile

○ Applicable N/A

D07.9.5. Clay Tile

○ Applicable N/A

D07.9.6. Slate Shingles

○ Applicable N/A

D07.9.7. Vegetated System

○ Applicable ● N/A

D07.9.8. Ribbed Metal Sheeting

D07.9.9. Composite Shingles Applicable N/A D07.9.10. Other Applicable N/A

D08. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Structural Systems:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/index.html

Comply with AFCFS Recommended Materials:

http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/structural-systems/materials/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188

Group 1







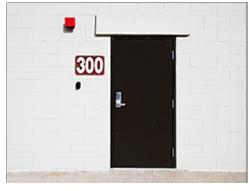












Group 4

Group 3

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

Group 4 N/A

D08.1. Systems and Layouts

- 1. Pre-engineered structural steel framing may be used for Groups 1, 2 and 3 facilities; Installation-appropriate thermal envelopes, materials and detailing are required.
- 2. Select economical structural systems that integrate roof and wall systems.
- 3. Narrow buildings 60' or less in width with column-free interiors are preferred for office, administrative and personnel spaces; when interior columns are required optimize the structural grid layout for open-plan arrangements.
- 4. Fully coordinate structural grids with exterior window systems to align columns with window frames or wall systems.
- 5. When structure is exposed provide an organized appearance and coordinate with mechanical, electrical, plumbing, fire protection, information technology, and communications systems.
- 6. Limit the use of specialty systems (such as space frames, vaults or domes) and of structure as a visual feature.
- 7. Cost-effectively design interior bearing walls as thermal mass.
- 8. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

D08.2. Structural Systems Materials

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Structural Systems (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

D08.2.1. Concrete Applicable N/A	
D08.2.2. Insulated Concrete Forming (ICF) Applicable N/A	

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Rigid Framing

Applies to:
• Group 1 • Group 2 • Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: US Steel

Color: Shop primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Structural steel shapes

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 12 00 Structural Steel

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 12 00.pdf

D08.2.4. Pre-Engineered Steel

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A
Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Moment Frame

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Behlen Building Systems

Color: Factory primed

Finish: Matte

Model #: Moment frame custom shapes

Other: Draped insulation may be used behind wall system

UFGS: Section 13 12 00 Steel Building Systems

(Not Available on UFGS)

Section 13 34 19 Metal Building Systems

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 13 34 19.pdf

D08.2.5. Masonry

○ Applicable N/A

D08.2.6. Heavy Timber	
○ Applicable	
D08.2.7. Light-gauge Steel	
○ Applicable N/A	
D08.2.8. Lumber Framing	
○ Applicable N/A	
D08.2.9. Other	
○ Applicable N/A	

D09. MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL AND PLUMBING

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Facilities Exteriors: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/index.html

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-exteriors/machanical-electrical-and-plumbing/index.html

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188







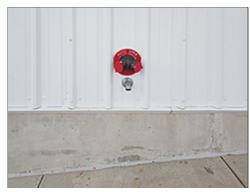












Group 4

Group 3

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

Group 4 N/A

D09.1. Passive and Active Systems

- 1. Fully integrate passive heating and cooling systems into facility designs whenever practical for the local climate prior to the design of active mechanical systems.
- 2. Provide optimized passive and active systems; design active mechanical systems to supplement thermal mass walls and floors.
- 3. Develop renewable energy systems including geo-exchange (ground source heat pumps) when life cycle cost effective.
- 4. Performance display screens, which report energy performance and utility savings, are encouraged; when provided locate these in building lobbies or common areas.
- 5. Solar domestic hot water systems are required when life cycle cost effective for the climate.
- Integrate shading into building exteriors to reduce solar heat gain during hot seasons.

D09.2. Functionality and Efficiency

- 1. Fully coordinate mechanical, electrical, plumbing (MEP) and fire protection systems with each other and with the building structure, enclosure, thermal envelope and interior design.
- 2. Ensure direct exterior access is provided (for CE) to main mechanical and electrical rooms.
- 3. Screen exterior equipment from primary views (landscape, building masses, screen walls) and comply with AT/FP requirements.
- 4. Keep equipment away from main building entrances; locate service area/yard on least visible side of a building.
- 5. Coordinate the location of all exterior meters, equipment and devices to provide convenient access and an overall coordinated and orderly appearance.
- 6. Design emergency generator systems integrally with all other building systems and avoid incompatible building additions; locate generators near service areas and ensure they are not visible from primary entrances.
- 7. When structure is exposed as a finished ceiling, fully integrate MEP and fire protection systems to provide an organized uncluttered appearance.
- 8. Conceal ducts, piping, conduits, devices, etc., when permanent walls, suspended ceilings or raised floors are provided; locate sprinkler heads in orderly configuration.
- 9. Limit interior wall-mounted equipment in occupied personnel spaces; avoid surface-mounted conduit and pipes.
- 10. Provide efficient utility rooms with layouts to facilitate system performance and maintenance; provide convenient access to controls, clearly label systems and include operating and maintenance instructions.
- 11. Separate mechanical and electrical and communications rooms.
- 12. Integrate recessed and wall-mounted fixtures such as fire standpipe cabinets and drinking fountains within permanent walls.

Insert 3 photos for each facility group.

Image Tool 250 x 188



















Group 4 N/A

Group 3

Group 4

Group 4 N/A Group 4 N/A

E01. Building Configurations

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Building Configurations: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/index.html

- 1. Provide open-plan configurations for office, administrative, operational and related activities and spaces for maximum flexibility. Use a "core and shell" approach in which all building systems, infrastructure and permanent interior partitions anticipate two or more uses (operations) during a facility's lifespan.
- 2. Create flexible interior configurations using Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) and limit private offices and private rooms. Refer to AFMAN 32-1084 for space requirements. To the greatest extent, limit permanent partitions to core areas such as toilet rooms, stairs, mechanical and utility rooms.
- 3. Use more durable long-lasting finishes in core areas for walls, ceilings, floor coverings and built-in casework. Coordinate interior FF&E layouts with structural grids during space planning.
- 4. Provide high-performance building configurations following UFC 1-200-02. Ensure passive design strategies are cost effectively incorporated before active mechanical systems are designed.
- 5. Comply with UFC 1-200-01, general building requirements. UFC 1-200-01 provides applicability of model building codes and government unique criteria for typical design disciplines and building systems, as well as for accessibility, antiterrorism, security, high performance and sustainability requirements, and safety.
- 6. Meet security and force protection requirements in UFC 4-010-01: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings.
- 7. Comply with AFCFS for supporting mission requirements, addressing human comfort and well being, and creating highly flexible interiors while satisfying metrics for high performance and sustainable buildings.
- 8. Provide a level of quality for interior features, materials and finishes that is appropriate for the Facility Group number. Group 1 may receive higher quality than Groups 2 thru 4. Refer to Facility Hierarchy.
- 9. Through open-plan configurations, preserve all passive and natural design strategies and fully integrate facility interiors with overall building systems.
- 10. Professional interior designers, or architects with significant interior design experience, must accomplish the design and review of applicable new construction, renovations and maintenance projects.
- 11. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and base-level Historic Preservation offices regarding proposed changes to properties listed on or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. Follow requirements of The National Historic Preservation Act and Secretary of the Interior Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.
- 12. Maintain architectural compatibility following AFCFS and this Installation Facilities Standards (IFS) document to create continuity while avoiding monotony.

E01.1. Layout and Common Areas

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Layout and Common Areas: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/layout-and-common-areas/index.html

- 1. Create open-plan interior environments to accommodate changes.
- 2. Limit interior partitions, private offices and rooms; use furniture or modular systems to provide privacy and acoustic control.
- 3. When partitions are functionally justified such as for conference rooms, use systems furniture and moveable (demountable) floor-to-ceiling wall systems for acoustical or visual privacy.
- 4. Proportion lobbies and common spaces based on type of function, activity and facility group.
- 5. Allow no direct sight lines into restrooms.
- Situate utility and core areas to minimize impact on daylighting and to maximize use as thermal buffers.

- 7. Ensure electrical, lighting and communications system can be adaptable to configuration changes.
- 8. Avoid power poles to the maximum extent; when poles are necessary minimize the number and coordinate locations with furniture placement and other elements.
- 9. Avoid sloping floors to maintain flexibility and eliminate future structural changes.

E01.1.1. Interior Design Process

- 1. Comply with UFC 3-120-10 for the Comprehensive Interior Design (CID,) which includes both Structural Interior Design (SID) and Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E) design services.
- 2. Use a collaborative, integrated planning and design team, composed of user, government support staff, and appropriate professionals. Integrate architectural features using simple detailing to create a professional appearance; avoid extravagant or excessive detailing.
- 3. Ensure interior designs satisfy the functional requirements within the context of flexibility, sustainability and the building's energy performance.
- 4. Base space planning on square foot allocations from AFM 32-1084. Identify special requirements if any, such as privacy separation, VIP areas, gathering spaces and storage. Note: The occupant's rank and position will influence the square footage and selection of materials.
- 5. Provide clear circulation and pathway finding for both horizontal and vertical directions that accommodate the number of personnel in the facility.
- 6. Maximize efficiencies in the space plan for functional relationships and adjacencies for all facility users. Efficiently create and situate rooms and support rooms such as conference / meeting rooms and break rooms.
- 7. Provide interior design building-related illustrations, drawings, schedules, materials selections, specifications and cost estimates as listed in UFC 3-120-10. Refer to Furnishings in this IFS also.
- 8. SID Format shall follow HQ AFCEC standards.

Base the FF&E package on the furniture footprint developed in the SID. Identify all new or existing equipment needed and its users within each facility or each area of the facility. Provide specific information on: equipment sizes, electrical requirements, ventilation requirements, weight (if heavy), quantity, and security level if required. Presume all administrative spaces have computers and supporting equipment.

E01.1.2. Codes and Regulations

- 1. Refer to UFC 1-200-01 for modifications to the International Building Code (IBC) to determine applicable sections of the IBC. Both the IBC Chapter 3 and UFC 3-600-01 govern "Use and Occupancy Classification" for example.
- 2. Fire code requirements shall be as defined in the International Building Code (IBC) and must be used where dictated by UFC 1-200-01 DoD Building Code (General Building Requirements) except where noted in UFC 3-600-01 (Fire Protection Engineering For Facilities).
- 3. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 101 must be utilized to determine the occupancy classification as it relates to fire/smoke resistance rating of interior non-load bearing partitions (other than occupancy separation), means of egress, interior finish, features of fire protection (including vertical openings) and associated requirements.

E01.2. Quality and Comfort

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Quality and Comfort: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/buildings-configurations/quality-and-comfort/index.html

- 1. Include durability in the life cycle cost analysis for best-value material selections with long life expectancies that do not show excessive wearing.
- 2. Select long-lasting materials and finishes for permanent core areas such as lobbies, restrooms and stairs.

- 3. Select low-maintenance materials and products that reduce ongoing servicing and repair and that are easy to clean.
- 4. Relate the visual quality of finishes to the Facility Group number.
- 5. Building and interior configurations should address both operations and climatic responses.
- 6. Convey a professional image; avoid trendy patterns and textures.
- 7. Use materials and finishes that provide a healthy indoor environment.
- 8. Orient interior spaces toward views while maintaining cost-effective building performance and efficiency.
- 9. Promote air movement and daylighting for human health and wellbeing.

E02. Floors

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Floors: http://afcfs.wbdq.org/facilities-interiors/floors/index.html

E02.1. Floor Materials

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground)

Secondary: Porcelain tile Secondary: Prepared Slabs (Sealer)

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2 floor materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 floor materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Prepared Slabs (Ground, Polished) Primary: Carpet

Secondary: Ceramic tile Secondary: Ceramic tile

Tertiary: Carpet, Rubber Stair Treads Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Resilient and rapidly renewable flooring may be used in low traffic areas in Group 1 and 2.
- 2. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Floors (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Type:

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Ground and Polished

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural gray cement, light to dark beige aggregates

Finish: Fine polished texture

Model #: Medium to small aggregate

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)



UFGS: Section 03 35 45 Polished Concrete Finishing (Not Available on UFGS)

E02.1.2. Natural Stone and Terrazzo

○ Applicable N/A

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: N/A

Other: Use in commercial kitchen flooring.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.4. Ceramic Tile

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Style 1 Porcelain Type:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Porcelain tile

Other: Use in high traffic areas. Epoxy grout is recommended.

UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf



Type: Style 2 Ceramic

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Matte, slip resistant

Model #: Ceramic tile

Other: Use in low traffic area toilet rooms.

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E02.1.5. Resilient Floor

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Stair Treads

Color: Neutral tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Raised design rubber tread

Other: Stair treads material

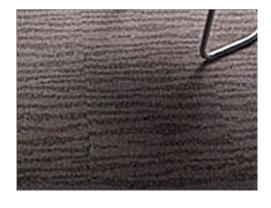
UFGS: Section 09 65 00 Resilient Flooring

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 65 00.pdf

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to:
• Group 1 • Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Neutral multi-colored tones/patterned/solid

Finish: Yarn: Nylon 6 or 6.6/cut pile or loop pile

Model #: Broadloom, 6' wide rolled, carpet tiles, entry walk-off carpet

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf



Type: Style 2

Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ● Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Mohawk Group

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Factory

Model #: Broadloom, residential loop, "Smartstrand"

Other: N/A

UFGS: UFGS 09 68 00 Carpeting

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 68 00.pdf

E02.1.7. Rapidly-Renewable Products

○ Applicable N/A

E02.1.8. Other

○ Applicable ● N/A

E03. Walls

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Walls: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/walls/index.html

E03.1. Wall Materials

Facility Group 1 wall materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 3 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick (or otheras approved by the BCE) Primary: Ground face block, sealed (do not paint)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

Facility Group 2 wall materials shall be as follows. Facility Group 4 wall materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Brick Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Gypsum board (painted) Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms) Tertiary: Ceramic tile (restrooms)

- 1. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.
- 2. Select and apply paint with sheens (gloss levels) appropriate for the application following UFGS Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings.
- 3. Provide ceramic tile on wet walls of kitchens, toilet rooms, locker rooms, etc., in all facility groups.
- 4. Neutral split-face or ground-face integrally colored block with a clear sealer may be used in Group 3. Do not paint block.
- 5. Provide rubber base on drywall partitions in Groups 1 and 2.
- 6. Hardwood base may only be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 7. Hardwood chair rails / bumper rails may be used in high-use areas of Groups 1 and 2; aqueous clear finishes are preferred to reduce maintenance; plastic chair rails are permitted only in medical applications.
- 8. Decorative moldings may be used only in Group 1 when approved on a case basis.
- 9. Corner guards are permitted only in high traffic spaces with wheeled or cart use such as private service areas in Groups 1 and 2; stainless steel corners guards with a brushed finish may be judiciously used in Group 3.
- 10. Group 4 may use painted composite wood base.
- 11. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Walls (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E03.1.1. Concrete

○ Applicable N/A

E03.1.2. Masonry

○ Applicable N/A

E03.1.3. Ceramic Tile

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Daltile

Color: Earth tones

Finish: Gloss, Semi-gloss

Model #: Ceramic wall tile

Other: Located on wet walls in restrooms

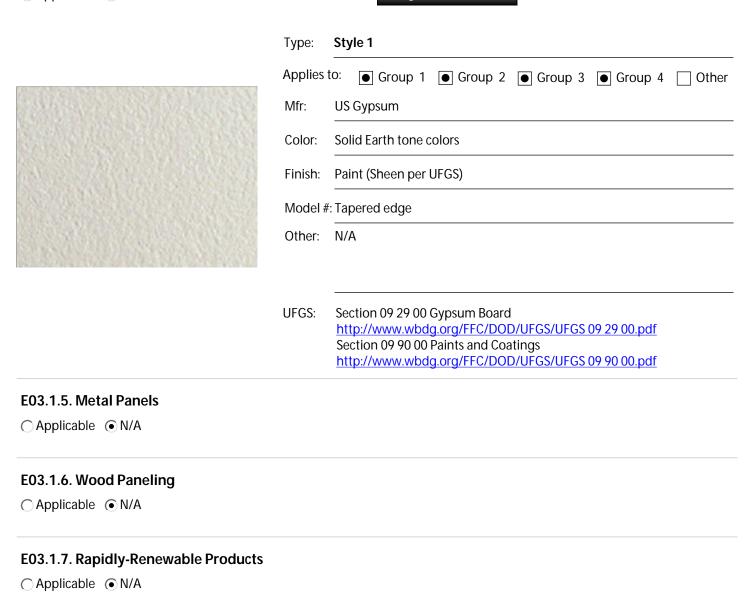
UFGS: Section 09 30 10 Ceramic, Quarry, and Glass Tiling

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 30 10.pdf

E03.1.4. Gypsum Board

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



E03.1.8. Other

\sim	Λ	مالممالم	\bigcirc N/A
	ADI	olicable	() INI/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Concrete Masonry Units - Split Face
Applies	to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other
Mfr:	General Shale
Color:	Buff
Finish:	Heavy texture
Model #	t: 8x8x16 Nominal, Square end and corner units
Other:	CMU may be used for interior thermal mass walls
UFGS:	Section 04 20 00 Unit Masonry: http://www.wbda.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 04 20 00.pdf

Facility Group 3 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

E04. Ceilings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Ceilings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/ceilings/index.html

Facility Group 1 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

E04.1. Ceiling Materials

Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)	Primary:	Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile Secondary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Tertiary: Gypsum board (painted) Tertiary: Gypsum board (painted)

Facility Group 2 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Facility Group 4 ceiling materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above) Primary: Gypsum board (painted)

Secondary: Grid and Acoustical Tile Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: Gypsum board (painted) Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Accent ceiling materials such as metal, wood, and rapidly renewable may be used in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Follow UFC 3-450-01 (Vibration and Noise Control) for acoustic design issues including speech privacy, sound isolation or sound masking.

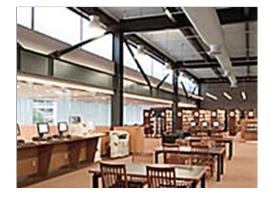
3. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Ceilings (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

E04.1.1. Exposed Framing (Roof / Floor Structure Above)

Applicable N/A Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Vulcraft

Color: Neutral colors reviewed on a case basis

Finish: Field painted (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Formlok floor and roof decking

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 05 30 00 Steel Decks

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 05 30 00.pdf

E04.1.2. Exposed Concrete

○ Applicable ● N/A

E04.1.3. Grid and Acoustical Tile

♠ Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1
Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1 Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Armstrong Color: White Finish: Factory Model #: 2'x2' Tegular with reveal edge and fine texture, grid 15/16" Performance characteristics are Class A; NRC-0.70; CAC-40; LR-0.86; Other: minimum recycled content 82%. UFGS: Section 09 51 00 Acoustical Ceilings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 51 00.pdf

E04.1.4. Gypsum Board

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base standards 1

Type:

Style 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: US Gypsum

Color: Solid neutral colors

Finish: Paint (sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Tapered edge

Other: N/A

UFGS: Section 09 29 00 Gypsum Board

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 29 00.pdf

Section 09 90 00 Paints and Coatings

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 09 90 00.pdf

E04.1.5. Metal Panels

○ Applicable ● N/A

E05. Doors and Windows

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Doors and Windows: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/doors-and-windows/index.html

E05.1. Doors and Windows and Frames Materials

Facility Group 1

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 1

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Aluminum, clear anodized

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 2

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hardwood veneer

Secondary: Hollow metal (painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 3

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Secondary: Hollow metal (galvanized, painted)

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (frame) and window frame materials shall be as follows.

Primary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

Facility Group 4

door (leaf) materials shall be as follows.

Primary: N/A

Secondary: N/A

Tertiary: N/A

- 1. Hardwood casings may be provided over metal frames in Group 1 as approved on a case basis.
- 2. Do not use hollow-core wood doors.
- 3. Generally match original hardware in renovations.
- 4. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Note: Apply the below <u>base-wide standards</u> for Doors and Windows (products, materials and color). Then refer to the Appendix and apply any additional requirements specifically related to the Facility District in which the project is located.

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1

Mfr:

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Kawneer

Color: Clear anodized

Finish: Factory

Model #: InFrame Interior Framing, (2x4 nominal framing)

Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 41 13 Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 41 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

E05.1.2. Hollow Metal

Applicable \(\cap \) N/A

Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: **Steel Doors**

Applies to:

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: **Neutral colors**

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, 2" w. frames, 16 gauge (welded corners) grouted solid

Other: Provide in Group 3 and in utility areas of Group 1 and 2. Provide A25

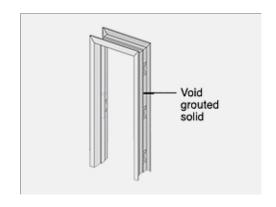
> "galvannealed" coating. All interior steel doors shall have a factory applied primer finish. Provide satin stainless steel hardware.

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Steelcraft

Color: Neutral colors

Finish: Paint (Sheen per UFGS)

Model #: Hollow metal, frame grouted solid

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware

UFGS: Section 08 11 13 Steel Doors and Frames

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 11 13.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

E05.1.3. Wood

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Number of base standards 2

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Administrative

Applies to:

Mfr: Simpson

Color: Natural hardwood veneer

Finish: Clear Sealer, satin (aqueous)

Model #: 3'x7'x 1 34", solid core

Other: Satin stainless steel hardware, Glass lites may be used. Stained birch

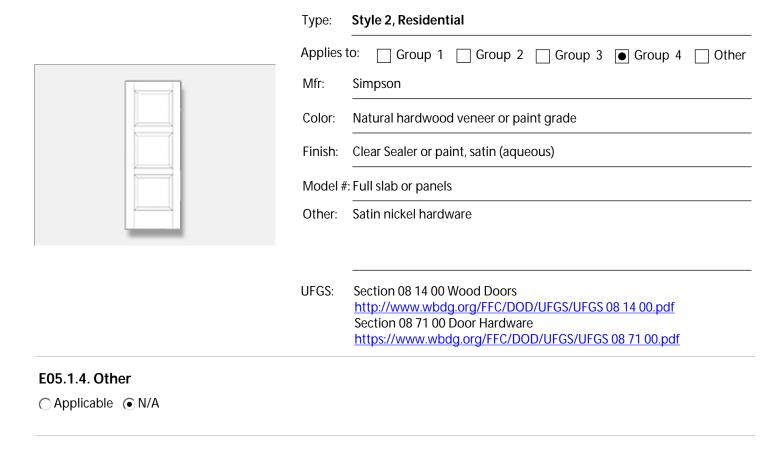
veneer face, 5 ply construction, rotary cut finish.

UFGS: Section 08 14 00 Wood Doors

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 14 00.pdf

Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware

https://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 08 71 00.pdf



E06. Casework Systems

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Casework Systems: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/casework-systems/index.html

E06.1. Casework Materials

- 1. Select casework systems and materials considering durability, maintenance requirements and LCCA.
- 2. Natural stone and cast stone countertops may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.
- 3. Metal cabinets and countertops shall be provided in heavy-use operations and in Group 3.
- 4. Refer to AFCFS for approved materials.
- 5. Manufacturers listed below are only provided to establish a baseline of equivalency among all applicable manufacturers.

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Formica

Color: Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Combine with matching solid-surface banding on casework edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.1.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

ds 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edge banding

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.1.3. Rapidly-Renewable Products Image Tool 250 x 188 ● Applicable ○ N/A Number of base standards 1 Type: **Style 1 Moderate Use Areas** Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ☐ Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Plyboo Color: Natural or amber Finish: Satin Model #: Flat grain bamboo plywood Other: FSC® Certified 100%. **UFGS**: Section 12 32 00 Manufactured Wood Casework http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 32 00.pdf E06.1.4. Metal Image Tool 250 x 188 Number of base standards 1 Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \) Type: Style 1 Applies to: ☐ Group 1 ☐ Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other Mfr: Steel Sentry Color: Natural stainless steel or neural colors (steel) Finish: Mill (stainless) or Powder coated (steel) Model #: Lab, workbench, computer workstation Provide highly durable fabrications and finishes in Group 3 which are Other: subjected to heavy use.

E06.2. Countertop Materials

UFGS:

Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E06.2.1. Plastic Laminate

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, Low Use Areas

Mfr: Formica

Applies to:

Color: Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: High pressure laminate

Other: Only use rounded half or full bullnose and integral backsplash. Do not

● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

use plastic laminate edge banding on front edges.

UFGS: Section 06 41 16.00 10 Plastic-Laminate-Clad Architectural Cabinets

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 06 41 16.00 10.pdf

E06.2.2. Solid Polymer Surface

Applicable \(\cap \) N/ANumber of base standards 1

ards 1 Image Tool 250 x 188



Type: Style 1, High Use Areas

Applies to: ● Group 1 ● Group 2 ● Group 3 ☐ Group 4 ☐ Other

Mfr: Corian

Color: Medium Earth tomes and neutral tones

Finish: Light textured

Model #: Solid Surface

Other: Faces and edges

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Туре:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use							
Applies 1	to: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other							
Mfr:	Local (TBD)							
Color:	Neutral tones							
Finish:	High polish, sealer							
Model #	: Custom cut slabs							
Other:	N/A							

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.4. Cast Stone

● Applicable ○ N/A

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Type:	Style 1, Group 1 High Visibility, Heavy Use							
Applies t	io: • Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other							
Mfr:	Local (TBD)							
Color:	Neutral tones							
Finish:	High polish, sealer							
Model #	: Custom cast or cut slabs							
Other:	N/A							

UFGS: Section 12 36 00 Countertops

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 36 00.pdf

E06.2.5. Metal

Applicable \(\cap \text{N/A} \)

Number of base standards 1

Image Tool 250 x 188



Applies to: Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Other

Mfr: Local (TBD)

Color: Natural stainless steel

Finish: Mill

Model #: Custom fabricated countertops

Other: Provide integral fronts, sides and backsplash

UFGS: Section 12 31 00 Manufactured Metal Casework

http://www.wbdg.org/FFC/DOD/UFGS/UFGS 12 31 00.pdf

E07. Furnishings

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Furnishings: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/index.html

E07.1. Durability and Serviceability

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Durability and Serviceability: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/durability-and-serviceability/index.html

E07.2. Accessories

Comply with AF Corporate Standards for Accessories: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/furnishings/accessories/index.html

E08. Interior Signs

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Interior Signs: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/index.html

E08.1 Types and Color

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Types and Color: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/interior-signs/types-and-color/index.html

E08.2. Interior Signs Materials

1. Natural stone, masonry and cast stone signs may only be used in Group 1 with approval on a case basis.

E09. Lighting, Power and Communication

E09.1. Functionality and Efficiency

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards for Functionality and Efficiency: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/facilities-interiors/lighting-power-and-communication/functionality-and-efficiency/index.html

E09.2. Types and Color

1. Provide neutral colors. Supply highly durable devices and fixtures in Group 3.

F.	APP	END	IX -	Faci	lity	Distr	icts
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ApplicableN/A

G. APPENDIX - References

Comply with Air Force Corporate Standards: http://afcfs.wbdg.org/index.html